# ORION EQUITIES LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2008

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info@orionequities.com.au

#### **CORPORATE DIRECTORY**

#### **BOARD**

Farooq Khan **Executive Chairman** William Johnson **Executive Director** Executive Director Victor Ho Yaqoob Khan Non-Executive Director

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Victor Ho

#### PRINCIPAL & REGISTERED OFFICE

Level 14, The Forrest Centre 221 St Georges Terrace Perth Western Australia 6000

(08) 9214 9797 Telephone: (08) 9322 1515 Facsimile: info@orionequities.com.au Email: www.orionequities.com.au Website:

#### **SHARE REGISTRY**

Advanced Share Registry Services Suite 2, 150 Stirling Highway

Nedlands Western Australia 6009

Telephone: (08) 9389 8033 Facsimile: (08) 9389 7871 Email: admin@advancedshare.com.au Website: www.advancedshare.com.au

#### STOCK EXCHANGE

Australian Securities Exchange Perth, Western Australia

#### **ASX CODE**

OEQ

#### **AUDITOR**

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street

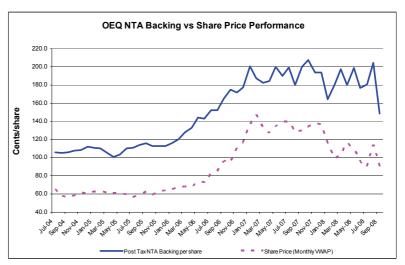
Subiaco, Western Australia 6008

(08) 9380 8400 Telephone: Facsimile: (08) 9380 8499 Website: www.bdo.com.au

# **COMPANY PROFILE**

Orion Equities Limited is an investment company (LIC) listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) (under ASX Code: OEQ).

At 30 June 2008, OEQ had a market capitalisation of \$16 million (at \$0.90 per share), net assets of \$32 million (at \$1.786 after tax NTA backing per share), 17,814,389 fully paid ordinary shares on issue, and 746 shareholders on its share register (30 June 2007: \$24 million market capitalisation (at \$1.36 per share), net assets of \$34 million (at \$1.931 cents after tax NTA backing per share), 17,814,389 shares on issue, and 790 shareholders).



Source: IRESS

% of Net Assets

#### Asset Weighting as at 30 June 2008

	/0 OI 11CI /A33CI3
Australian equities	73%
International equities	12%
Property held for development and resale	11%
Koorian Olives	11%
Net tax liabilities (current year and deferred tax assets/liabilities)	-13%
Net cash/other assets and provisions	5%
TOTAL	100%

#### Top 5 Holdings in Securities Portfolio as at 30 June 2008

Equi	lies	Fair Value \$'million	% of Net Assets	ASX Code	Industry Sector Exposures
1.	Strike Resources Limited <sup>1</sup>	14.13	44.08%	SRK	Materials
2.	Scarborough Equities Limited <sup>2</sup>	5.41	16.89%	SCB	Diversified Financials
3.	Bentley International Limited <sup>2</sup>	3.79	11.83%	BEL	Diversified Financials
4.	Katana Capital Limited	1.13	3.52%	KAT	Diversified Financials
5.	Alara Uranium Limited	0.89	2.79%	AUQ	Energy

#### **Dividend Track Record**

Dividend Rate per share	Record Date	Payment Date	Franking
0.5 cent	19 September 2008	26 September 2008	Fully franked
1.5 cents	19 March 2008	28 March 2008	Fully franked
2 cents	17 September 2007	21 September 2007	Fully franked
1.5 cents	8 March 2007	15 March 2007	Fully franked
3.0 cents	12 October 2006	19 October 2006	Fully franked
1.5 cent	31 March 2006	7 April 2006	Fully franked
1.5 cent	30 September 2005	13 October 2005	Fully franked
5 cents	6 July 2004	9 July 2004	60% franked

<sup>1</sup> SRK includes listed shares and unlisted options (as disclosed in the note following the Top 10 Holdings)

<sup>2</sup> Associate entities, BEL and SCB, have been equity accounted and are not held at fair value

# **OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE**

#### **SUMMARY OF RESULTS**

	2008	2007		Up/
Consolidated Entity	\$	\$	% Change	Down
Total revenues	(527,097)	18,184,064	103%	Revenue Down
Total expenses	(2,555,769)	(1,663,789)	54%	Up
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(3,082,866)	16,520,275	119%	Profit Down
Income tax benefit/(expense)	513,853	(4,619,027)	111%	Expense Down
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations	(2,569,013)	11,901,248	122%	Profit Down
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations	-	(1,852,990)	100%	Loss Down
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of the Company	(2,569,013)	10.048.258	126%	Profit Down
members of the Company	(2,307,013)	10,040,250	120/0	FIOIII DOWII
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	\$(0.1442)	\$0.5641	126%	Earnings Down
Pre-tax NTA backing per share	\$2.016	\$2.223	9%	Down
Post-tax NTA backing per share	\$1.786	\$1.931	8%	Down

Total revenues of \$(527,097) include:

- \$532,912 net profit from the Company's share trading portfolio (2007: \$11,593,493), which comprises:
  - \$1,836,528 unrealised losses on securities (2007: \$8,583,740 unrealised gains);
  - \$2,266,054 realised gains on securities (2007: \$2,840,719); (b)
  - \$103,386 dividend income (2007: \$169,034); (c)
- (2) \$2,687,143 share of Associate entities' net losses (2007: \$1,668,955 net profits), comprising:
  - (a) \$946,767 net losses attributable to Bentley International Limited (BEL) (2007: \$159,646);
  - \$1,740,376 net losses attributable to Scarborough Equities Limited (SCB) (2007: \$1,509,309); (b)
- (3)\$255,124 dividend income received from Associate entities (2007: \$481,726), comprising:
  - \$112,760 fully franked dividends attributable to BEL (2007: \$222,509); (a)
  - (b) \$142,364 fully franked dividends attributable to SCB (2007: \$259,197);
- \$1,322,307 income from olive grove operations (2007: \$58,095), which includes: (4)
  - \$1,039,852 income from sale of oils or olives (2007: \$8,500);
  - \$281,500 revaluation of olive tress (2007: Nil).

#### Total expenses of \$2,555,769 include:

- \$1,192,240 olive grove operations (which does not include Inventory, depreciation, corporate and (1) administration expenses) (2007: \$418,647), which comprises:
  - \$677,046 cost of goods sold (2007: \$Nil) this reflects the harvesting and processing costs from (C) the 2007 season;
  - \$515,194 other expenses (2007: \$322,933); (d)
- (2) \$597,502 personnel costs (including Directors' fees) (2007: \$613,171);
- (3)\$132,253 professional fees (2007: \$20,678).

The Directors present their report on Orion Equities Limited (Company or Orion Equities or OEQ) and its controlled entities (the Consolidated Entity) for the year ended 30 June 2008 (Balance Date).

Orion Equities is a public company limited by shares that was incorporated in New South Wales and has been listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since November 1970 (ASX Code: OEQ).

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Consolidated Entity during the financial year were the management of its investments, including investments in listed and unlisted securities, real estate held for development and resale, an olive grove operation and interests in resource projects.

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

Consolidated Entity	2008 \$	2007 \$
Total revenues Total expenses Profit/(loss) before tax	(527,097) (2,555,769) <b>(3,082,866)</b>	18,184,064 (1,663,789) <b>16,520,275</b>
Income tax benefit/(expense)	513,853	(4,619,027)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	(2,569,013)	11,901,248
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations	-	(1,852,990)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of the Company	(2,569,013)	10,048,258

Total revenues of \$(527,097) include:

- \$532,912 net profit from the Company's share trading portfolio (2007: \$11,593,493), which (1) comprises:
  - \$1,836,528 unrealised losses on securities (2007: \$8,583,740 unrealised gains); (a)
  - (b) \$2,266,054 realised gains on securities (2007: \$2,840,719);
  - \$103,386 dividend income (2007: \$169,034); (c)
- (2)\$2,687,143 share of Associate entities' net losses (2007: \$1,668,955 net profits), comprising:
  - \$946,767 net losses attributable to Bentley International Limited (BEL) (2007: \$159,646); (a)
  - \$1,740,376 net losses attributable to Scarborough Equities Limited (SCB) (2007: \$1,509,309);
- \$255,124 dividend income received from Associate entities (2007: \$481,726), comprising: (3)
  - \$112,760 fully franked dividends attributable to BEL (2007: \$222,509); (a)
  - \$142,364 fully franked dividends attributable to SCB (2007: \$259,197); (b)
- (4)\$1,322,307 income from olive grove operations (2007: \$58,095), which includes:
  - \$1,039,852 income from sale of oils or olives (2007: \$8,500); (a)
  - (b) \$281,500 revaluation of olive tress (2007: Nil).

#### Total expenses of \$2,555,769 include:

- \$1,192,240 olive grove operations (which does not include Inventory, depreciation, corporate and administration expenses) (2007: \$418,647), which comprises:
  - \$677,046 cost of goods sold (2007: \$Nil) this reflects the harvesting and processing costs from the 2007 season;;
  - (b) \$515,194 other expenses (2007: \$322,933);

- (2)\$597,502 personnel costs (including Directors' fees) (2007: \$613,171);
- (3)\$132,253 professional fees (2007: \$20,678).

On 11 August 2008, the Company disposed of its 70% interest in the Indonesian Berau Coal Project (via the sale of Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd) and its 25% interest in the West Australian Paulsens East Iron Ore Project (via the sale of Central Exchange Mining Ltd) to its joint venture partner in these projects, ASX listed Strike Resources Limited (Strike or SRK). A total of 9.5 million Strike shares were issued to Orion as consideration for the sale. The Company realised a gain on sale of these subsidiaries of \$17.5 million.

#### EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Consolidated Entity	2008	2007
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share	\$(0.1442)	\$0.5641
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share	17,814,389	17,814,389

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

Consolidated Entity	2008 \$	2007 \$
Cash	517,781	1,620,198
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	17,991,115	20,935,654
Investments in listed Associate entities	9,207,515	11,639,535
Inventory	3,810,526	3,821,038
Receivables	271,834	167,201
Deferred tax assets	-	-
Resource Projects	1,413,771	-
Intangibles	250,000	250,000
Other assets	3,192,234	3,067,259
Total Assets	36,654,776	41,500,885
Tax liabilities	(4,095,981)	(5,195,589)
Other payables and liabilities	(498,249)	(1,654,983)
Net Assets	32,060,546	34,650,313
Issued capital	19,374,007	19,374,007
Retained earnings	12,083,753	15,276,306
Reserves	602,786	
Total Equity	32,060,546	34,650,313

Subsequent to the Balance Date, the Company disposed of its interests in Resource Projects in consideration for 9.5 million shares in Strike. These shares have a current value of \$13.78 million (based on the closing bid price of \$1.45 per share on 27 August 2008).

NET TANGIBLE ASSET BACKING (NTA)		
Consolidated Entity	2008 \$	2007 \$
Net tangible assets (before tax)	35,906,527	39,595,902
Pre-Tax NTA Backing per share	\$2.016	\$2.223
Less deferred tax assets and tax liabilities	(4,095,981)	(5,195,589)
Net tangible assets (after tax)	31,810,546	34,400,313
Post-tax NTA Backing per share	\$1.786	\$1.931
Based on total issued share capital	17,814,389	17,814,389

#### CONTROLLED AND ASSOCIATE ENTITIES

Orion Equities has prepared a consolidated financial report incorporating the entities that it controlled during the financial year. Those entities are:

- (1) Silver Sands Developments Pty Ltd (ACN 094 097 122), a wholly owned subsidiary;
- (2)Koorian Olives Pty Ltd (ACN 120 616 891), a wholly owned subsidiary;
- (3)Central Exchange Mining Ltd (ACN 119 438 265), a wholly owned subsidiary;
- Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd (ACN 124702245), a wholly owned subsidiary; and (4)
- PT Orion Indo Mining, 100% beneficially owned by Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd. (5)

The Company ceased control of the following entities after the financial year:

- Central Exchange Mining Ltd , formerly a wholly owned subsidiary, was disposed to Strike on 11 (1) August 2008 in consideration for 1,750,000 Strike shares;
- Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd, formerly a wholly owned subsidiary, was disposed to Strike on 11 (2)August 2008 in consideration for 7,750,000 Strike shares; and
- (3)PT Orion Indo Mining, 100% beneficially owned by Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd.

The Company gained control of the following entity after the financial year:

CXM Limited (ACN 132 294 645), which was incorporated on 18 July 2008 as a wholly owned (1) subsidiary.

Orion Equities has accounted for the following investments at Balance Date as investments in an Associate entity (on an equity accounting basis):

- 28.47% interest in ASX listed Scarborough Equities Limited (ACN 061 287 045) (SCB) (30 June 2007: (1) 28.22%);
- 28.80% interest in ASX listed Bentley International Limited (ACN 008 108 218) (BEL) (30 June 2007: (2)28.38%); and
- (3)50% interest in AquaVerde Holdings Pty Ltd (ACN 128 938 090) (30 June 2007: Nil).

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# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Company will be paying a final dividend (funded from retained earnings) as follows:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Expected Payment Date	Franking	Total Dividends Payable
0.5 cent per share	19 September 2008	26 September 2008	Fully Franked	\$89,072

The Company also paid the following interim dividend during the financial year:

Dividend Rate	Record Date	Payment Date	Franking	Total Dividends Paid
1.5 cents per share	19 March 2008	28 March 2008	Fully franked	\$267,252

The Company has retained earnings of \$12,083,753 as at 30 June 2008 (2007: \$15,276,306).

#### **SECURITIES IN THE COMPANY**

At Balance Date and the date of this report, the Company had 17,814,389 shares on issue (30 June 2007: 17,814,389). The Company does not have other securities on issue at the date of this report.

#### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

#### Portfolio Details As At 30 June 2008 (a)

#### **Asset Weighting**

	% of Net Assets
Australian equities	73%
International equities <sup>1</sup>	12%
Property held for development and resale	11%
Koorian Olives <sup>2</sup>	11%
Net tax liabilities (current year and deferred tax assets/liabilities)	-13%
Net cash/other assets and provisions	5%
TOTAL	100%

BEL is an ASX listed investment company with investments in securities listed on overseas markets. The Company's investment in BEL represents an indirect interest in international equities

Koorian Olives includes land, water licence, buildings, plant and equipment and inventory

Equiti	Equities		% of Net Assets	ASX Code	Industry Sector Exposures
1.	Strike Resources Limited <sup>3</sup>	14.13	44.08%	SRK	Materials
2.	Scarborough Equities Limited <sup>4</sup>	5.41	16.89%	SCB	Diversified Financials
3.	Bentley International Limited <sup>4</sup>	3.79	11.83%	BEL	Diversified Financials
4.	Katana Capital Limited	1.13	3.52%	KAT	Diversified Financials
5.	Alara Uranium Limited	0.89	2.79%	AUQ	Energy
6.	BHP Billiton Limited	0.65	2.04%	ВНР	Materials
7.	Woodside Petroleum Ltd	0.28	0.87%	WPL	Energy
8.	Oilex Ltd	0.27	0.85%	OEX	Energy
9.	Bell Financial Group Ltd	0.24	0.74%	BFG	Diversified Financials
10.	Chemrok Pty Ltd	0.16	0.48%	Unlisted	N/A
TOTA	L	26.96	84.08%		

Note: The investment in Strike comprises the following securities:

	Fair Value \$'million	% of Net Assets	ASX Code	
(a) 3,490,802 shares	7.40	23.08%	SRK	
(b) 1,833,333 unlisted \$0.178 (9 Feb 2011) Options	3.59	11.20%	Unlisted	Fair value is based on a Black-Scholes options valuation model applying the following assumptions:
( ) ) ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	0.14	0.708		(i) SRK's share price being \$2.12 (the last bid price as at 30 June 2008).
(c) 1,666,667 unlisted \$0.278 (9 Feb 2011) Options	listed \$0.278	9.79%		<ul><li>(ii) A risk free rate of return of 6.73% (based on the Commonwealth 3 year bond yield rate as at 30 June 2008).</li></ul>
				(iii) An estimated future volatility of SRK's share price of 80%.
Sub-total	14.13	44.07%		

Subsequent to the Balance Date, the Company disposed of its interests in the Berau and Paulsens East resource projects to Strike in consideration for 9.5 million shares in Strike. These shares have a current value of \$13.78 million (based on the closing bid price of \$1.45 per share on 27 August 2008).

In addition to the Strike option holdings referred to above, the Company currently holds a total of 13,090,802 shares in Strike, accounting for 10.07% of Strike's total issued share capital.

<sup>3</sup> SRK includes listed shares and unlisted options (as disclosed in the note following the Top 10 Holdings)

Associate entities, BEL and SCB, have been equity accounted and are not held at fair value

#### (b) Koorian Olive Grove

The Koorian Olive Grove is a 143 hectare commercial olive grove located in Gingin, Western Australian (approximately 100 kilometres North of Perth) producing olive oil and table olives from approximately 64,500, 9 year old olive tree plantings.

A summary of olive grove operations during the 2008 financial year are as follows:

- The 2008 harvesting season yielded ~502 tonnes of fruit from which ~95,000 litres of oils were extracted (2007: ~1,416 tonnes of fruit and ~205,000 litres of oils);
- (b) The average yield (ratio of kilogrammes of oils extracted to tonnes of fruit processed) across all varieties of trees improved significantly to 17% (2007: 12%), with some varieties achieving up to a 26% yield (2007: highest yield of 18%);
- (C) The reduction in tonnes processed reflects the biennial cycle of growth and production from olive trees whereby trees exhibit alternating years of high and low bearing fruit;
- Olive grove operation expenses were \$1,192,240 (which does not include Inventory, depreciation, (d) corporate and administration expenses) (2007: \$418,647), comprising:
  - (i) \$677,046 cost of goods sold (2007: \$Nil) - this reflects the harvesting and processing costs from the 2007 season;
  - \$515,194 other expenses (2007: \$322,933); (ii)
- Inventory of \$160,526 reflects the cost of harvesting and processing during the 2008 season (e) incurred up to balance date (2007: \$646,864). The Company notes that invoices totalling approximately \$102,000 in respect of costs associated with the 2008 harvest season were received by the Consolidated Entity after the Balance Date - these costs will be reflected in Inventory for the 2008/2009 financial year;
- Koorian is negotiating with several parties for the sale of ~95,000 litres of oil from the 2008 harvest (f) season. Any sale will be accounted for as revenue in the 2008/2009 financial year.

#### (c) Sale of Interests in Berau Coal and Paulsens East Iron Ore Projects

On 11 August 2008, the Company disposed of its 70% interest in the Indonesian Berau Coal Project (via the sale of Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd) and its 25% interest in the West Australian Paulsens East Iron Ore Project (via the sale of Central Exchange Mining Ltd) to its joint venture (JV) partner in these projects, ASX listed Strike Resources Limited. A total of 9.5 million Strike shares were issued to Orion as consideration for the sale.

These transactions have crystallised a significant value gain for Orion shareholders. At the date these transactions were completed, Strike shares were trading at \$1.97, valuing the 9.5 million shares received as consideration at \$18.7 million. The Company had accounted for these projects at cost, being \$1.2 million. Therefore, the gain realised on sale, which will be recognised in the 2008/09 financial year, was \$17.5 million (pre tax).

These transactions continues Orion's successful track record of creating shareholder value from, among other things, early stage resource projects. Strike was re-listed in 2006 with a number of early stage resource projects vended into Strike by Orion. Orion now holds a total of 13,090,802 shares in Strike, accounting for 10.07% of Strike's total issued share capital and 3.5 million unlisted options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.225 per option.

Orion has retained an existing 2% royalty on production, which remains in place on the projects vended into Strike in 2006, which includes the Paulsen East tenements, and the projects vended into Alara.

#### SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity that occurred during the financial year not otherwise disclosed in this Directors' Report or the financial statements.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Board will consider opportunities to increase the Company's investment portfolio size to raise the Company's profile in the general investment community and generate economies of scale. The expansion of the capital base of the Company may occur through a variety of methods including the issue of equity capital or mergers (through schemes or takeovers) with, or acquisitions of, other listed investment companies or managed funds.

The Company intends to continue its investment activities in future years. The results of these investment activities depend upon the performance of the underlying companies and securities in which the Company invests. The investments' performance depends on many economic factors and also industry and company specific issues. In the opinion of the Directors, it is not possible or appropriate to make a prediction on the future course of markets, the performance of the Company's investments or the forecast of the likely results of the Company's activities.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE**

In the course of its mineral exploration and evaluation activities, the Consolidated Entity adheres to environmental regulations imposed upon it by various authorities. The Consolidated Entity has complied with all environment requirements during the year and up to the date of this report. No reportable environmental breaches occurred during the financial year and up to the date of this report.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Information concerning Directors in office during or since the financial year are:

Farooq Khan	Executive Chairman				
Appointed	23 October 2006				
Qualifications	BJuris , LLB. (Western Australia)				
Experience	Mr Khan is a qualified lawyer having previously practised principally in the field of corporate law. Mr Khan has extensive experience in the securities industry, capital markets and the executive management of ASX listed companies. In particular, Mr Khan has guided the establishment and growth of a number of public listed companies in the investment, mining and financial services sector. He has considerable experience in the fields of capital raisings, mergers and acquisitions and investments.				
Relevant interest in shares	2,000 shares - directly 8,558,127 shares - indirectly <sup>5</sup>				
Special Responsibilities	Chairman of the Company and the Investment Committee				
Other current directorships in listed entities	Current Chairman and Managing Director of: (1) Queste Communications Ltd (QUE) (since 10 March 1998)				
	Current Chairman of: (2) Bentley International Limited (BEL) (director since 2 December 2003) (3) Scarborough Equities Limited (SCB) (since 29 November 2004)				
	Current Executive Director of: (4) Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (since 9 September 1999) (5) Alara Uranium Limited (AUQ) (since 18 May 2007)				
	Current Non-Executive Director of: (6) Interstaff Recruitment Limited (ITS) (since 27 April 2006)				
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	<ul> <li>(1) Altera Capital Limited (AEA) (9 November 2001 to 18 October 2005)</li> <li>(2) Sofcom Limited (SOF) (3 July 2002 to 18 October 2005)</li> </ul>				

Held by Queste Communications Ltd (QUE); Farooq Khan (and associated companies) have a deemed relevant interest in the OEQ shares in which QUE has a relevant interest by reason of having >20% voting power in QUE.

William M. Johnson	Executive Director
Appointed	28 February 2003.
Qualifications	MA (Oxon), MBA
Experience	Mr Johnson commenced his career in resource exploration and has most recently held senior management and executive roles in a number of public companies in Australia, New Zealand and Asia. As Regional Director Asia Pacific for Telecom New Zealand Ltd, Mr Johnson was responsible for identifying, evaluating and implementing investment strategies that included start-up technology ventures, a technology focussed venture capital fund and strategic investments and acquisitions in Asia and Australia. As Executive Director, Mr Johnson is part of the Investment Committee of the Company and has been actively involved in the strategic analysis of a diverse range of business and investment opportunities and the execution of a number of corporate transactions. Mr Johnson brings a considerable depth of experience in business strategy and investment analysis and execution
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	None
Other current directorships in listed entities	Current Director of: (1) Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (since 14 July 2006) (2) Scarborough Equities Limited (SCB) (since 29 November 2004)
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	<ol> <li>Drillsearch Energy Limited (DLS) (24 October 2006 to 11 August 2008)</li> <li>Altera Capital Limited (AEA) (18 October 2005 to 8 August 2006)</li> <li>Sofcom Limited (SOF) (18 October 2005 to 19 March 2008)</li> </ol>

Victor P. H. Ho	Executive Director and Company Secretary				
Appointed	Executive Director since 4 July 2003; Company Secretary since 2 August 2000				
Qualifications	BCom, LLB (Western Australia)				
Experience	Mr Ho has been in company secretarial/executive roles with a number of public listed companies since early 2000. Previously, Mr Ho had 9 years experience in the taxation profession with the Australian Tax Office and in a specialist tax law firm. Mr Ho has been actively involved in the structuring and execution of a number of corporate transactions, capital raisings and capital management matters and has extensive experience in public company administration, corporations law and stock exchange compliance and shareholder relations				
Relevant interest in shares	None				
Special Responsibilities	Member of Investment Committee				
Other positions held in listed entities	Current Executive Director and Company Secretary of: (1) Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (Secretary since 9 March 2000 and Director since 12 October 2000)				
	Current Company Secretary of:  (2) Queste Communications Ltd (QUE) (since 30 August 2000)  (3) Bentley International Limited (BEL) (since 5 February 2004)  (4) Scarborough Equities Limited (SCB) (since 29 November 2004)  (5) Alara Uranium Limited (AUQ) (since 4 April 2007)				
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	<ul> <li>Altera Capital Limited (AEA) (Director between 9 November 2001 and 8 August 2006; Secretary between 26 November 2001 and 8 August 2006)</li> <li>Sofcom Limited (SOF) (Director between 3 July 2002 and 19 March 2008; Secretary between 23 July 2003 and 19 March 2008)</li> </ul>				

Yaqoob Khan	Non-Executive Director
Appointed	5 November 1999
Qualifications	BCom (Western Australia), Master of Science in Industrial Administration (Carnegie Mellon)
Experience	After working for several years in the Australian Taxation Office, Mr Khan completed his postgraduate Masters degree and commenced work as a senior executive responsible for product marketing, costing systems and production management. Mr Khan has been an integral member of the team responsible for the pre-IPO structuring and IPO promotion of a number of ASX floats and has been involved in the management of such companies. Mr Khan brings considerable international experience in key aspects of corporate finance and the strategic analysis of listed investments
Relevant interest in shares	None
Special Responsibilities	None
Other current directorships in listed entities	Queste Communications Ltd (QUE) (since 10 March 1998)
Former directorships in other listed entities in past 3 years	Strike Resources Limited (SRK) (9 September 1999 to 26 September 2005)

#### **DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

The following table sets out the numbers of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the financial year (including Directors' circulatory resolutions), and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director of the Company, including meetings of the Investment Committee:

Name of Director	Meetings Attended	Maximum Possible Meetings
Farooq Khan	11	11
William Johnson	11	11
Victor Ho	11	11
Yaqoob Khan	11	11

#### **Board Committees**

During the financial year and as at the date of this Directors' Report, the Company did not have separate designated Audit or Remuneration Committees. In the opinion of the Directors, in view of the size of the Board and nature and scale of the Consolidated Entity's activities, matters typically dealt with by an Audit or Remuneration Committee are dealt with by the full Board.

#### **Investment Committee**

The Board has established an Investment Committee comprising Executive Chairman, Farooq Khan, Executive Director William Johnson and Executive Director and Company Secretary, Victor Ho.

#### **REMUNERATION REPORT (audited)**

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director and Company Executive (being a company secretary or senior manager) (Key Management Personnel) of the Consolidated Entity.

The information provided under headings (1) to (3) below has been audited as required under section 308(3)(c) of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### (1) **Remuneration Policy**

The Board determines the remuneration structure of all Key Management Personnel having regard to the Consolidated Entity's nature, scale and scope of operations and other relevant factors, including the frequency of Board meetings, length of service, particular experience and qualifications, market practice (including available data concerning remuneration paid by other listed companies in particular companies of comparable size and nature), the duties and accountability of Key Management Personnel and the objective of maintaining a balanced Board which has appropriate expertise and experience, at a reasonable cost to the Company.

Fixed Cash Short Term Employment Benefits: The Key Management Personnel of the Company are paid a fixed amount per annum plus applicable employer superannuation contributions. The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are paid a maximum aggregate base remuneration fixed by the Company at a shareholders meeting, to be divided as the Board determines appropriate.

The Board has determined current Key Management Personnel remuneration as follows:

- Mr Farooq Khan (Executive Chairman) a base salary of \$250,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions (currently 9%);
- Mr William Johnson (Executive Director) a base salary of \$150,000 per annum plus (b) employer superannuation contributions (currently 9%);
- (C) Mr Victor Ho (Executive Director and Company Secretary) – a base salary of \$60,000 per annum plus employer superannuation contributions (currently 9%); and
- Mr Yaqoob Khan (Non-Executive Director) a base fee of \$25,000 per annum. (d)

Key Management Personnel can also opt to "salary sacrifice" their cash fees/salary and have them paid wholly or partly as further employer superannuation contributions or benefits exempt from fringe benefits tax.

Special Exertions and Reimbursements: Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, each Director is entitled to receive:

- (a) Payment for the performance of extra services or the making of special exertions at the request of the Board and for the purposes of the Company.
- (b) Payment for reimbursement of all reasonable expenses (including traveling and accommodation expenses) incurred by a Director for the purpose of attending meetings of the Company or the Board, on the business of the Company, or in carrying out duties as a Director.

Long Term Benefits: Key Management Personnel have no right to termination payments save for payment of accrued annual leave and long service leave (other than Non-Executive Directors).

Equity Based Benefits: The Company does not presently have any equity (shares or options) based remuneration arrangements for any personnel pursuant to any executive or employee share or option plan or otherwise.

Post Employment Benefits: The Company does not presently provide retirement benefits to Key Management Personnel.

Performance Related Benefits/Variable Remuneration: The Company does not presently provide short or long incentive/performance based benefits related to the Company's performance to Key Management Personnel, including payment of cash bonuses. The current remuneration of Key Management Personnel is fixed, is not dependent on the satisfaction of a performance condition and is unrelated to the Company's performance.

Service Agreements: The Company does not presently have formal service agreements or employment contracts with any Key Management Personnel.

Financial Performance of Company: There is no relationship between the Company's current remuneration policy and the Company's performance.

#### (2) **Details of Remuneration of Key Management Personnel**

Details of the nature and amount of each element of remuneration of each Key Management Personnel paid or payable by the Company during the financial year are as follows:

2008		Short-term	Benefits	Post Other Employment Long-term Benefits Benefits		Equity Based		
Key Management Personnel	Performance related %	Cash, salary and commissions S	Non-cash benefit S	Superannuation S	Long service leave		Total S	
Executive Directors:		,	,	,	,	,	•	
Farooq Khan William Johnson Victor Ho	- - -	250,000 150,000 60,000	- - -	22,500 13,500 5,400			272,500 163,500 65,400	
Non-Executive Director: Yaqoob Khan	_	25,000	-	-	_	-	25,000	

2007		Short-term	Benefits	Post Employment Benefits	Other Long-term Benefits	Equity Based	
Key Management Personnel	Performance related %	Cash, salary and commissions S	Non-cash benefit	Superannuation S	Long service leave S	Shares & Options	Total S
Executive Directors:		*	,	T	7	*	т
Farooq Khan William Johnson Victor Ho		168,269 147,534 61,574	- - -	15,144 13,278 5,541	- - -	- - -	183,413 160,812 67,115
Non-Executive Director: Yaqoob Khan	-	25,000	_	-	-	-	25,000

Victor Ho is also Company Secretary of the Company.

#### (3) Other Benefits Provided to Key Management Personnel

No Key Management Personnel has during or since the end of the 30 June 2008 financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit, other than a remuneration benefit as disclosed above, by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related entity with the Director or with a firm of which he is a member, or with a Company in which he has a substantial interest.

This concludes the audited remuneration report.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE**

The Company has not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of premiums paid in respect of a Directors and Officers liability and legal expenses' insurance contract, as such disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

#### **DIRECTORS' DEEDS**

In addition to the rights of indemnity provided under the Company's Constitution (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act), the Company has also entered into a deed with each of the Directors to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Director, both during the time the Director holds office and after the Director ceases to be an officer of the Company, including the following matters:

- (i) The Company's obligation to indemnify a Director for liabilities or legal costs incurred as an officer of the Company (to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act);
- Subject to the terms of the deed and the Corporations Act, the Company may advance monies to the Director to meet any costs or expenses of the Director incurred in circumstances relating to the indemnities provided under the deed and prior to the outcome of any legal proceedings brought against the Director.

Shareholders have approved (at the 2005 AGM) the entry into such deeds by the Company.

#### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF CONSOLIDATED ENTITY

No person has applied for leave of a court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Consolidated Entity or intervene in any proceedings to which the Consolidated Entity is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Consolidated Entity for all or any part of such proceedings. The Consolidated Entity was not a party to any such proceedings during and since the financial year.

#### **AUDITOR**

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA)), for audit and non-audit services provided during the financial year are set out below:

Audit & Review Fees	Fees for Other Services	Total	
\$	\$	\$	
26,121	1,375	27,496	

The Board is satisfied that the provision of non audit services by the auditor during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Board is satisfied that the nature of the non-audit services disclosed above did not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) continues in office in accordance with section 327B of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

A copy of the Auditor's Independence Declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 forms part of this Directors Report and is set out on page 18. This relates to the Audit Report, where the Auditors state that they have issued an independence declaration.

#### **EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE**

The Directors are not aware of any matters or circumstances at the date of this Directors' Report, other than those referred to in this Directors' Report (in particular, in Review of Operations) or the financial statements or notes thereto (in particular Subsequent Events Note 28), that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, the results of operations or the state of affairs of the Company in subsequent financial years.

Signed for and on behalf of the Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board,

Faroog Khan Chairman

29 August 2008

Victor Ho Director



BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street SUBIACO WA 6008 PO Box 700 WEST PERTH WA 6872 Phone 61 8 9380 8400 Fax 61 8 9380 8499 aa.perth@bdo.com.au www.bdo.com.au

ABN 79 112 284 787

29 August 2008

The Directors
Orion Equities Limited
Level 14, The Forrest Centre
221 ST Georges Terrace
PERTH WA 6000

**Dear Sirs** 

# DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY CHRIS BURTON TO THE DIRECTORS OF ORION EQUITES LIMITED

As lead auditor of Orion Equities Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Orion Equities and the entities it controlled during the period.

**CR Burton** Director

C Birton

BDO Kendalls

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd Perth, Western Australia

# **INCOME STATEMENTS**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

		Consolidat	Consolidated Entity		Company	
		2008	2007	2008	2007	
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Revenue from continuing operations		2,110,343	16,387,514	788,036	16,329,420	
Share of Associate entities' net profit/(loss)		(2,687,143)	1,668,955	(2,687,143)	1,668,955	
Other income		49,703	127,595	49,198	125,868	
	2 a	(527,097)	18,184,064	(1,849,909)	18,124,243	
Expenses	2 b					
Personnel		(597,502)	(613,171)	(600,981)	(554,790)	
Communications		(23,468)	(23,623)	(22,822)	(20,276)	
Occupancy		(74,366)	(51,692)	(19,987)	(13,864)	
Corporate		(18,815)	(32,520)	(18,815)	(32,520)	
·		(4,585)	(4,236)	(2,247)	(3,161)	
Financing		` ' '	(4,230)	(2,247)	(3,101)	
Borrowing cost		(6)	(20.245)	-	(20.245)	
Costs in relation to investments		- (1 102 240)	(29,245)	-	(29,245)	
Olive grove operations		(1,192,240)	(418,467)	-	-	
Revaluation of land		(147,339)	-	-	-	
Administration expenses						
<ul> <li>Professional fees</li> </ul>		(132,253)	(20,678)	(126,036)	(17,826)	
<ul> <li>exploration and evaluation expenditure</li> </ul>		(25,025)	(78,454)	71,874	(78,404)	
<ul> <li>brokerage fees</li> </ul>		(36,524)	(66,515)	(36,524)	(66,515)	
<ul> <li>doubtful debts (provision)/written back</li> </ul>		-	-	-	260,252	
- other		(303,646)	(325,188)	(78,090)	(236,840)	
	-					
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		(3,082,866)	16,520,275	(2,683,537)	17,331,054	
Income tax (expense)/ benefit	3 _	513,853	(4,619,027)	693,853	(4,778,171)	
Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations		(2,569,013)	11,901,248	(1,989,684)	12,552,883	
Loss from discontinued operations	_	-	(1,852,990)	-		
Profit/(Loss) after income tax	=	(2,569,013)	10,048,258	(1,989,684)	12,552,883	
Dividends per share (cents) per share	7	3.50	4.50	3.50	4.50	
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	8	(14.4)	56.4	(11.2)	70.5	
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (cents)	8	(14.4)	56.4	(11.2)	70.5	

# BALANCE SHEETS AS AT 30 JUNE 2008

		Consolidated Entity		Company	
		2008	2007	2008	2007
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS		·	·	·	·
Cash and cash equivalents	9	517,781	1,620,198	288,787	1,553,974
Trade and other receivables	10	239,011	134,378	8,721,148	7,211,191
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11	17,991,115	20,935,654	17,991,115	20,935,654
Inventories	12	160,526	646,864		-
inventories		100,320	010,001		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		18,908,433	23,337,094	27,001,050	29,700,819
TOTAL CORRENT ASSETS		10,500,155	23,337,031	27,001,030	25,700,015
NON CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade and other receivables	10	32,823	32,823	32,823	32,823
Inventory	12	3,650,000	3,821,038	-	-
Investments in controlled entities	13	-	-	300	300
Investments in Associate entities				300	300
- equity accounted	14	9,207,515	11,639,535	9,207,515	11,639,535
Property, plant and equipment	15	2,610,654	2,120,395	21,685	27,697
Olive trees	16	581,580	300,000	21,005	27,037
Intangibles	17	250,000	250,000	_	
5	18	1,413,771	230,000	516,149	
Resource projects	10	1,413,771	_	310,149	_
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS		17,746,343	18,163,791	9,778,472	11,700,355
TOTAL ASSETS		36,654,776	41,500,885	36,779,522	41,401,174
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables	19	498,249	1,654,983	274,617	1,003,437
Current tax liabilities	20	58,116	726,615	512,514	740,157
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		556,365	2,381,598	787,131	1,743,594
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES					
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	20	4 027 065	4 460 074	2 404 000	4 525 074
Deferred tax liability	20	4,037,865	4,468,974	3,484,009	4,535,974
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,037,865	4,468,974	3,484,009	4,535,974
TOTAL NON CORRENT LIABILITIES		4,037,003	4,400,374	3,404,003	4,555,574
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,594,230	6,850,572	4,271,140	6,279,568
NET ASSETS		32,060,546	34,650,313	32,508,382	35,121,606
NET ASSETS		32,000,340	34,030,313	32,300,302	33,121,000
EQUITY					
Issued capital	21	19,374,007	19,374,007	19,374,007	19,374,007
Reserves	22	602,786			
Retained earnings		12,083,753	15,276,306	13,134,375	15,747,599
Returned Earnings		12,003,733	13,270,300	13,137,373	13,777,333
TOTAL EQUITY		32,060,546	34,650,313	32,508,382	35,121,606
IVIAL EQUIII		32,000,340	31,030,313	32,300,302	33,121,000

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

Consolidated Entity	Issued Capital	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
At 1 July 2006	19,375,599	-	6,029,697	25,405,296
Profit for the year Total recognised income and expense for the year	<del>-</del>		10,048,258 10,048,258	10,048,258 10,048,258
Dividends paid Cost in relation to sale of unmarketable parcels	- (1,592)	- -	(801,649) -	(801,649) (1,592)
At 30 June 2007	19,374,007	-	15,276,306	34,650,313
At 1 July 2007	19,374,007	-	15,276,306	34,650,313
Profit for the year  Total recognised income and expense for the year		<u>-</u> -	(2,569,013) (2,569,013)	(2,569,013) (2,569,013)
Dividends paid Asset revaluation reserve	-	- 602,786	(623,540) -	(623,540) 602,786
At 30 June 2008	19,374,007	602,786	12,083,753	32,060,546
Company				
At 1 July 2006	19,375,599	-	3,996,365	23,371,964
Profit for the year Total recognised income and expense for the year	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	12,552,883 12,552,883	12,552,883 12,552,883
Dividends paid Cost in relation to sale of unmarketable parcels	- (1,592)	- -	(801,649) -	(801,649) (1,592)
At 30 June 2007	19,374,007	-	15,747,599	35,121,606
At 1 July 2007	19,374,007	-	15,747,599	35,121,606
Profit for the year		-	(1,989,684)	(1,989,684)
Total recognised income and expense for the year	-	-	(1,989,684)	(1,989,684)
Dividends paid	-	-	(623,540)	(623,540)
At 30 June 2008	19,374,007	-	13,134,375	32,508,382

# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

		Consolidated Entity		Company	
		2008	2007	2008	2007
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers		1,040,727	57,487	-	54,040
Sale proceeds from trading portfolio		5,759,493	12,328,482	5,759,493	12,328,482
Payments for trading portfolio		(3,802,450)	(6,483,983)	(3,802,450)	(6,483,983)
Proceeds from options portfolio		-	49,200	-	49,200
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,511,907)	(1,354,898)	(192,072)	(830,823)
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(1,438,796)	(79,708)	(444,275)	(78,404)
Interest received		49,703	73,554	49,198	71,827
Interest paid		(6)	-	-	-
Income tax paid		(585,755)	(970,058)	(585,755)	(878,153)
Dividends received		88,028	416,958	88,028	416,958
Dividends received		00,020	410,550	00,020	410,550
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM	-				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9 a	(400,963)	4,037,034	872,167	4,649,144
OF ERATING ACTIVITIES	<i>y</i> a	(400,303)	7,037,037	072,107	7,073,177
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Payments for:					
equity investments		_	(6,657)	_	(6,657)
property, plant and equipment		(78,729)	(2,709,474)	(889)	(1,485)
subsidiaries		(70,729)	(2,703,474)	(889)	(300)
		-	-	012.070	(300)
Loans repaid by subsidiaries		-	-	812,079	(2.277.000)
Loans to subsidiaries		-	-	(2,325,819)	(3,377,998)
		(70.720)	(2.746.424)	(4 544 620)	(2.206.440)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(78,729)	(2,716,131)	(1,514,629)	(3,386,440)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			/. =aa\		/. ===>
Payments in relation to sale of unmarketable parcels		- (400 -05)	(1,592)	- (400 -05)	(1,592)
Payments for dividends		(622,725)	(801,771)	(622,725)	(801,771)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(622,725)	(803,363)	(622,725)	(803,363)
NET (DECREAGE) (INCREAGE IN CACH ASSETS HELD		(1 102 417)	E17 E40	(1 26E 107)	4E0 241
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH ASSETS HELD		(1,102,417)	517,540	(1,265,187)	459,341
Cash at haginning of the financial year		1 620 100	1 102 659	1 552 074	1 004 622
Cash at beginning of the financial year	-	1,620,198	1,102,658	1,553,974	1,094,633
CACH AT THE END OF THE ETHANCIAL VEAD	0	E17 701	1 620 109	200 707	1 552 074
CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9 :	517,781	1,620,198	288,787	1,553,974

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report (comprising the financial statements and notes thereto) is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial report includes separate financial statements for Orion Equities Limited as an individual parent entity (the "Company") and the consolidated entity consisting of Orion Equities Limited and its subsidiaries. Orion Equities Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in Western Australia,

#### Compliance with IFRS

The financial report complies with all Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS) in their Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the consolidated financial statements of Orion Equities Limited comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the consolidated entity in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Reporting Basis and Conventions**

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, and financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

A controlled entity is any entity the Company has the power to control the financial and operating policies of so as to obtain benefits from its activities. A list of controlled entities is contained in note 13 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a June financial year-end. All inter-company balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated entity, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the Company.

#### 1.2. Investments in Associates

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. Under this method, the consolidated entity's share of the postacquisition profits or losses of associates is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of postacquisition movements in reserves is recognised in consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the cost of the investment. Associates are those entities over which the consolidated entity exercises significant influence, but not control. A list of associates is contained in note 14 to the financial statements. All associated entities have a June financial year-end.

#### 1.3. Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated (i.e. capitalised) in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves. Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is

Under AASB 6 "Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources", if facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of any recognised exploration and evaluation assets may be impaired, the Company must perform impairment tests on those assets and measure any impairment in accordance with AASB 136 "Impairment of Assets". Any impairment loss is to be recognised as an expense. A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

#### Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. The consolidated entity's segment reporting is contained in note 24 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the consolidated entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST"). following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of Goods and Disposal of Assets - Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the consolidated entity has passed control of the goods or other assets to the buyer.

Contributions of Assets - Revenue arising from the contribution of assets is recognised when the consolidated entity gains control of the asset or the right to receive the contribution.

Interest Revenue - Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

**Dividend Revenue** - Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established. The consolidated entity brings dividend revenue to account on the applicable ex-dividend entitlement date.

Other Revenues - Other revenues are recognised on a receipts basis.

#### Income Tax

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each taxing jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses (if applicable).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each taxing jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The amount of deferred tax assets benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the consolidated entity will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

#### Tax consolidation legislation

The consolidated entity has implemented the tax consolidation legislation as of 29 June 2004.

The head entity, Orion Equities Limited, and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. These tax amounts are measured as if each entity in the tax consolidated group continues to be a stand alone taxpayer in its own right.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the Company also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets (as appropriate) arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Assets or liabilities arising under tax funding agreements within the tax consolidated entities are recognised as amounts receivable from or payable to other entities in the group.

Any differences between the amounts assumed and amounts receivable or payable under the tax funding agreement are recognised as a contribution to (or distribution from) wholly-owned tax consolidated entities

#### Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST. Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

#### **Employee Benefits** 1.8.

Provision is made for the consolidated entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Employer superannuation contributions are made by the consolidated entity in accordance with statutory obligations and are charged as an expense when incurred.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts (if any) are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

#### 1.10. Receivables

Trade and other receivables are recorded at amounts due less any provision for doubtful debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when considered nonrecoverable.

#### 1.11. Investments and Other Financial Assets

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss - A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management and within the requirements of AASB 139: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables - Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

Financial liabilities - Non-derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 1.12. Fair value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the consolidated entity is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques, including but not limited to recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models. The consolidated entity may use a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for other financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the consolidated entity for similar financial instruments.

#### 1.13. Property held for Resale

Property held for development and sale is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development are expensed. Profits are brought to account on the signing of an unconditional contract of sale.

#### 1.14. Property, Plant and Equipment

All plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Freehold Land is not depreciated. (except for property held for resale - refer to Note 1.13). It is shown at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers. Any upward revaluation is recognised through equity.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining recoverable amount.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable

	Depreciation Rate	Depreciation Method
Plant and Equipment	15-33.3%	Diminishing Value
Furniture and Equipment	15-20%	Diminishing Value
Leasehold Improvements	15%	Diminishing Value

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

#### 1.15. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the consolidated entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement. Impairment testing is performed annually for goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the consolidated entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 1.16. Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of financial  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### 1.17. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options, or for the acquisition of a business, are included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

#### 1.18. Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is determined by dividing the operating result after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue during the financial period.

Diluted Earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings per share that will probably arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the financial period.

#### 1.19. Research and Development Costs

Expenditure during the research phase of a project is recognised as an expense when incurred. Development costs are capitalised only when technically feasibility studies identify that the project will deliver future economic benefits and these benefits can be measured reliably. Development costs have a finite life and are amortised on a systematic basis matched to the future economic benefits over the useful life of the project.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 1.20. Business Combinations

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair va6e and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

#### 1.21. Inventories

#### (i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. They include the transfer from equity of any gains losses on qualifying cash flow hedges relating to purchases of raw material. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the

#### (ii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

#### Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the income statement.

#### **Biological Assets**

Biological assets are initially, and subsequent to initial recognition, measured at their fair value less any estimated point-of-sale costs. Gains or losses arising on initial or subsequent recognition are accounted for via the profit or loss for the period in which the gain or loss arises. Agricultural produce harvested from the biological assets shall be measured at its fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs at the point of harvest.

#### 1.24 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 1.25 New Standards and Interpretations Released But Not Yet Adopted

The following new Accounting Standards and Interpretations (which have been released but not yet adopted) have no material impact (except where stated below) on the Company's accounts/financial statements or the associated notes therein.

AASB reference	Title and Affected Standard(s):	Applies to:	Application date:
AASB 123 (revised Jun 2007)	Borrowing Costs	To the extent that borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, the option of recognising borrowing costs immediately as an expense has been removed. Consequently all borrowing costs for qualifying assets will have to be capitalised.	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB 3 (reissued March 2008)	Business Combinations	Released as part of long term international convergence project between IASB and FASB. The revised standard introduces more detailed guidance on accounting for step acquisitions, adjustments to contingent consideration, assets acquired that the purchaser does not intend to use, reacquired rights and share-based payments as part of purchase consideration. Also, all acquisition costs will have to be expensed instead of being recognised as part of goodwill.	Business combinations where the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first reporting period that commences 1 July 2009 or later
AASB 127 (reissued March 2008)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	The revised standard clarifies that changes in ownership interest which result in control being retained are accounted for within equity as transactions with owners. Losses will be attributed to the non-controlling interest even if this results in a debit balance for the non-controlling interest. Investments retained where there has been a loss of control will be recognised at fair value at date of sale.	Periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009
AASB 2008-3 (issued March 2008)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127 [AASB 1, AASB 2, AASB 4, AASB 5, AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 107, AASB 112, AASB 114, AASB 116, AASB 121, AASB 128, AASB 131, AASB 132, AASB 133, AASB 134, AASB 136, AASB 137, AASB 138, AASB 139, Interpretation 9 and Interpretation 107]	Makes consequential amendments to 20 standards and 2 interpretations arising from the reissue of AASB 3 and AASB 127, including to AASB 128: Investments in Associates and AASB 131: Interests in Joint Ventures.  When an investment ceases to be an associate or jointly controlled entity and is subsequently accounted for under AASB 139, the fair value of the investment at the date when it ceases to be an associate or jointly controlled entity is its fair value.	Periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009
AASB 2008-5 and AASB 2008-6 (issued July 2008)	Improvements to IFRSs	Accounting changes for presentation, recognition and measurement, as well as terminology and editorial changes.	Periods commencing on or after 1 July 2009
	<u> </u>		ļ

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 1.25 New Standards and Interpretations Released But Not Yet Adopted (continued)

AASB 8 (Issued Feb 2007)	Operating Segments	Replaces the disclosure requirements of AASB 114: Segment Reporting. The adoption of this standard will result in changes to the nature and extent of segment reporting for the entity. The full impact has not yet been quantified.	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB 101 (Revised Sep 2007)	Presentation of Financial Statements	Amendments to presentation and naming of the financial statements.	Annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB Interpretation 4 (revised Feb 2007)	Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease [revised]	Scope has been amended to exclude service concession arrangements because these are now covered by AASB Interpretation 12.	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2008
AASB 2007-2 (issued Feb 2007)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB Interpretation 12 [AASB 1, AASB 117, AASB 118, AASB 120, AASB 121, AASB 127, AASB 131 & AASB 139]	Mainly editorial changes	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2008
AASB 2007-3 (issued Feb 2007)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8 [AASB 5, AASB 6, AASB 102, AASB 107, AASB 119, AASB 127, AASB 134, AASB 136, AASB 1023 & AASB 1038]	Mainly editorial changes	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB 2007-6 (issued Jun 2007)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123 [AASB 1, AASB 101, AASB 107, AASB 111, AASB 116 & AASB 138 and Interpretations 1 & 12]	Mainly editorial changes.	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB 2007-8 (issued Sep 2007)	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101	Mainly editorial changes.	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009
AASB 2007-10 (issued Dec 2007)	Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Arising from AASB 101	Replaces the term 'financial report' with the term used in the corresponding IFRS	Periods commencing on or after 1 January 2009

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 2. PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

Profit/(loss) for the year includes the following items of revenue and expenses below. Included in the comparatives are the revenue and expenses of discontinued operations of Hume Mining NL, a wholly owned subsidiary disposed on 18 May 2007 (refer to Note 5).

		Consolidat	ed Entity	Comp	any
(a) Income Trading portfolio	Note	2008 \$	2007 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$
Gains on sale of securities		<del>4</del> 2,266,054	2,840,719	2,266,054	2,840,719
Unrealised gains/(losses) on securities	11,5	(1,836,528)	8,583,740	(1,836,528)	11,226,241
Dividends received from securities	,	103,386	169,034	103,386	169,034
Net gain on trading portfolio at		200,000	203,00 .	200,000	105,00
fair value through profit or loss	-	532,912	11,593,493	532,912	14,235,994
Options portfolio					
Net gain from sale of options at			40.200		40.200
fair value through profit or loss		-	49,200	-	49,200
Associate entities					
Share of Associate entities' profit/(losses)		(2,687,143)	1,668,955	(2,687,143)	1,668,955
Dividends received from Associate entities		255,124	481,726	255,124	481,726
	14	(2,432,019)	2,150,681	(2,432,019)	2,150,681
Sale of subsidiary			4 560 500		1 560 500
Net gain from sale of subsidiary		-	1,562,500	-	1,562,500
Olive grove					
Income from sale of oils or olives		1,039,852	8,500	-	-
Revaluation of olive trees		281,580	-	-	-
Harvesting services		875	49,595	-	-
		1,322,307	58,095	-	-
Interest received - other		49,703	73,555	49,198	71,828
Other income		+9,703 -	54,040	49,190	54,040
Other income	-	49,703	127,595	49,198	125,868
		12/1.22		,	
Total revenue		(527,097)	15,541,564	(1,849,909)	18,124,243
(b) Expenses					
Olive grove operations		515,194	418,467	_	_
- cost of goods sold		677,046	-	_	_
Revaluation of land held as Inventory	12	147,339	_	_	_
Occupancy expenses		74,366	51,692	19,987	13,864
- Personnel - remuneration and other		581,009	564,664	584,487	506,283
- employee entitlements		16,493	48,507	16,494	48,507
Finance expenses		4,585	4,385	2,247	3,161
Borrowing cost		6	-	-	-
Corporate expenses		18,815	33,520	18,815	32,520
Administration expenses					
- Communications		23,468	23,623	22,822	20,276
- Professional fees		132,253	20,678	126,036	17,826
<ul> <li>Exploration and evaluation expenses</li> </ul>		25,025	79,708	(71,874)	78,404
- Brokerage fees		36,524	66,515	36,524	66,515
- Costs in relation to investments		-	29,245	-	29,245
<ul> <li>Doubtful debts provision/(written back)</li> </ul>		-	-	-	(260,252)
- Write off fixed assets		623	-	623	-
- Depreciation expenses		190,632	73,446	6,278	8,155
- Realisation cost of share		(22.22.1)	110.055	(22.004)	440.055
portfolio provision /(written back)		(22,994)	119,868	(22,994)	119,868
- Other expenses	-	135,385	131,874	94,183	108,817
	:	2,555,769	1,666,192	833,628	793,189

ORION EQUITIES LIMITED A.B.N. 77 000 742 843

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

. IN	COME TAX EXPENSE	Consolidat	-	Comp	•
		2008	2007	2008	2007
(a)	The major component of income tax	\$	\$	\$	\$
	(benefits)/expenses are:				
	Current income tax				
	Current income tax charge	58,116	1,895,081	512,514	1,116,710
	Under/(over) provision in prior years	(140,860)	54,646	(154,132)	49,411
	Deferred income tax	(431,109)	2,669,300	(1,051,965)	3,612,050
	=	(513,853)	4,619,027	(693,583)	4,778,171
(b)	The prima facie income tax on profit/(loss) from				
	continuing operations is reconciled to the income tax				
	provided in the accounts as follows:				
	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations	(3,082,866)	16,520,275	(2,683,537)	17,331,054
	(Loss)/Profit from discontinued operations	-	(2,644,903)	-	
	Profit/(Loss) for the year	(3,082,866)	13,875,372	(2,683,537)	17,331,054
	Prima facie tax payable on profit/(loss) before	(22 ( 222)		(227 224)	
	income tax at 30% (2007:30%)	(924,860)	4,956,082	(805,061)	5,199,316
	Permanent differences				
	Other assessable income	46,071	72,320	46,071	72,320
	Other non-deductible items	65,276	7,896	9,878	9,036
	Other deductible items	(255,842)	(4,043)	(2,340)	(4,043)
	Share of Associates' profits	806,143	(500,687)	806,143	(500,687)
	Temporary differences				
	Other assessable income	(84,486)	-	-	-
	Other non-deductible items	65,889	196,404	65,889	70,864
	Other deductible items	(71,739)	(16,703)	(71,739)	(121,158)
	Unrealised gains on securities	550,958	(2,575,122)	550,958	(3,367,872)
	Income tax expense attributable to operating profit	197,410	2,136,147	599,799	1,357,776
	Provision for deferred income tax	(431,109)	2,669,300	(1,051,965)	3,612,050
	Under/(over) provision in respect to prior years	(126,585)	54,646	(88,118)	49,411
	Franking credits	(153,569)	(241,066)	(153,569)	(241,066)
	Net income tax (benefits)/expenses	(513,853)	4,619,027	(693,853)	4,778,171
	The applicable weighted average effective tax				
	rates are as follows:	17%	28%	26%	28%

<sup>(</sup>c) The Company and controlled entities of the Company have elected to consolidate for taxation purposes and have entered into a tax sharing and funding agreement in respect of such arrangements.

#### **KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES**

#### (a) Details of key management personnel - directors (consolidated and parent entity)

Farooq Khan **Executive Chairman** William M Johnson **Executive Director** 

Victor P H Ho **Executive Director and Company Secretary** 

Yaqoob Khan Non-Executive Director

	Consolida	Consolidated Entity		pany
Number of employees (including key management	2008	2007	2008	2007
personnel)	4	4	4	4

#### **Consolidated Entity** (b) Compensation of key management personnel Company 2008 2007 2008 2007 **Directors** 485,000 402,377 485,000 402,377 Short-term employee benefits - cash fees 33,963 33,963 Post-employment benefits - superannuation 41,400 41,400 526,400 526,400

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### **KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (continued)**

Key management personnel remuneration has been included in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

#### (c) Compensation of other key management personnel (consolidated and parent entity)

The Consolidated Entity and Company does not have any key executives (other than executive directors).

#### (d) Shareholdings of key management personnel (consolidated)

2008	Balance at 1	Net Change	Balance at 30
Directors	July 2007	Other	June 2008
Farooq Khan	8,651,356	-	8,651,356
William M Johnson	-	-	=
Victor P H Ho	-	-	-
Yaqoob Khan	8,651,356	-	8,651,356
2007	Balance at 1	Net Change	Balance at 30
Directors	July 2006	Other	June 2007
Farooq Khan	8,651,356	-	8,651,356
William M Johnson	-	-	-
Victor P H Ho	-	-	=
Yagoob Khan	8,651,356	_	8,651,356

The disclosures of equity holdings above are in accordance with the accounting standards which requires a disclosure of direct and indirect holdings of spouses, relatives, spouses of relatives and entities under the control or significant influence of each of the same. There are instances of some overlap between disclosed holdings of Farooq Khan and Yaqoob Khan.

#### **DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

On 18 May 2007, the Company disposed of its uranium assets via the sale of its subsidiary, Hume Mining NL to Alara Uranium Limited (Alara) in consideration for the issue of 6,250,000 ordinary shares in Alara. Alara completed its \$10 million initial public offering and commenced trading (ASX Code: AUQ) on ASX on 24 May 2007. Financial information relating to the discontinued operations of Hume from 1 July 2006 to the date of cessation is set out below.

Consolida	ted Entity	Company	
2008	2007	2008	2007
\$	\$	\$	\$
-	-	-	-
-	(2,644,903)	-	-
-	(2,644,903)	-	-
-	791,913	-	-
-	(1,852,990)	-	-
-	1,562,500	-	-
-	(468,750)	-	-
-	1,093,750	-	=
- - -	(11) (11)	- - -	- - -
-	(25,634)	-	-
=	27,896	-	-
	2,262	-	
		\$ \$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2008

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

6.	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION		Consolidate 2008	ed Entity 2007	Comp: 2008	any 2007
	Amounts received or due and receivable by: Auditors of the Consolidated Entity (BDO Ke Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd)		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Auditing of the financial report		24,121	19,088	24,121	19,088
	Underprovision for prior year		2,000	2,639	2,000	2,639
	Non-audit services (BDO Kendalls (WA) Aud	it and				
	Assurance Pty Ltd)					
	Taxation services		1,375	-	1,375	
		_	27,496	21,727	27,496	21,727
7.	DIVIDENDS					
	Declared and paid during the year Dividends on ordinary shares	Date paid				
	3 cents per share fully franked	19-Oct-06	_	534,432	-	534,432
	1.5 cent per share fully franked	15-Mar-07	_	267,217	-	267,217
	2.0 cents per share fully franked	21-Sep-07	356,288	-	356,288	· -
	1.5 cent per share fully franked	29-Mar-08	267,252	-	267,252	-
		_	623,540	801,649	623,540	801,649
		_				
	Dividends declared post balance date					
	Dividends on ordinary shares					
	2.0 cents per share fully franked	21-Sep-07	-	356,288	-	356,288
	0.5 cent per share fully franked (Record date 19 September 2008)	26-Sep-08	89,072	-	89,072	-
	Franking credit balance				1,971,746	1,652,759
	Balance of franking account at year end adju	usted for frankir	ng credits arising	g from:		
	Payment of provision for income tax				60,036	1,116,710
	Franking debits arising from payment of	proposed divid	ends	_	(38,174)	(152,695)
				=	1,993,609	2,616,774
8.	EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE		Consolidate	ed Entity	Comp	any
			2008	2007	2008	2007
	Basic earnings/(loss) per share		(0.144)	0.564	(0.112)	0.705
	Diluted earnings/(loss) per share		(0.144)	0.564	(0.112)	0.705
	Net profit/(loss) for the year		(2,569,013)	10,048,258	(1,989,684)	12,552,883
	Weighted average number of ordinary share	s outstanding				
	during the year used in calculation of basic e	earnings per				
	share	=	17,814,389	17,814,389	17,814,389	17,814,389
			Consolidate	ed Entity	Comp	any
9.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2008	2007	2008	2007
			\$	\$	\$	\$
	Cash at bank		517,781	625,691	288,787	559,467
	Bank bills	_	-	994,507	-	994,507
		=	517,781	1,620,198	288,787	1,553,974

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUES)	Consolidated Entity		Company		
(a) Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) after tax to	2008	2007	2008	2007	
net cash flows from operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Operating profit/(loss) after income tax	(2,569,013)	10,048,258	(1,989,684)	12,552,883	
Depreciation - plant & equipment	190,632	73,446	6,278	8,155	
Write off fixed assets disposed	623	-	623	-	
Revaluation of land and trees	(134,241)	-	-	-	
Unrealised gains/(losses) on securities	1,836,528	(8,583,740)	1,836,528	(11,226,241)	
Gain on sale of Hume Mining NL	-	-	-	(1,562,500)	
Share of Associate entities' losses/(profits)	2,687,143	(1,668,955)	2,687,143	(1,668,955)	
(Increase)/decrease in assets:					
Receivables	(105,460)	422,111	2,955	549,429	
Trading portfolio	1,108,012	284,864	1,108,012	1,495,697	
Strategic portfolio	(255,124)	(237,553)	(255,124)	(237,553)	
Inventory	510,037	(646,864)	-	-	
Current assets	-	1,083	-	1,083	
Exploration expenditure	(1,413,770)	-	(516,149)	-	
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities:					
Payables	(1,156,721)	1,487,329	(728,806)	837,129	
Income tax payable	(668,499)	187,755	(227,643)	287,967	
Deferred income tax	(431,110)	2,669,300	(1,051,966)	3,612,050	
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(400,963)	4,037,034	872,167	4,649,144	

#### 10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Amount receivable from controlled entities (Note 23c)	-	-	8,718,023	7,204,283
Less impairment on amounts receivable	-	-	-	
	-	-	8,718,023	7,204,283
Other receivables	205,802	61,556	3,125	6,908
GST receivable	33,209	72,822	-	-
	239,011	134,378	8,721,148	7,211,191
Non Current				
Bonds and guarantees	32,823	32,823	32,823	32,823

Refer to Note 25 for the Consolidated Entity and Company's exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

#### Impaired receivables and receivables

None of the non-current receivables are impaired or past due but not impaired.

#### 11. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial	assets	at	fair	value	comprise:
-----------	--------	----	------	-------	-----------

Listed investments at fair value	11,258,713	14,524,147	11,258,713	14,524,147
Unlisted options in listed corporations at cost Add: net change in fair value	10,000 6,722,402	10,000 6,401,507	10,000 6,722,402	10,000 6,401,507
•	6,732,402	6,411,507	6,732,402	6,411,507
Total financial assets at fair value	17,991,115	20,935,654	17,991,115	20,935,654

Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are recorded as Income. (Note 2(a)).

Net gains on financial assets at

532,912 11,642,693 532,912 14,285,194 fair value through profit or loss

#### **Risk Exposure**

Information about the Consolidated Entity's exposure to market and price risk is provided in Note 25(d).

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

12. INVENTORIES	Consolidate	d Entity	Company	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current	\$	\$	\$	\$
Olive oil - work-in-progress (at cost)	160,526	646,864	-	
Non Current				
Property held for development and resale	3,797,339	3,821,038	-	-
Revaluation of property	(147,339)	-	-	-
	3,650,000	3,821,038	-	-

Property held for development and resale relates to a beachfront property located in Mandurah, Western Australia. The property was recently assessed by an independent qualified valuer and the downwards revaluation has been recognised as an expense through profit or loss.

		ted Entity	Comp	•
	2008	2007	2008	2007
NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS	\$	\$	\$	\$
Shares in controlled entities at cost	-	-	400	400
Less: Provision for diminution		-	(100)	(100)
		-	300	300
			Ownership	interest
Investment in Controlled Entities:			2008	2007
Silver Sands Developments Pty Ltd (ACN 094 097 1	22)		100%	100%
Incorporated in Australia on 10 August 2000				
This company is currently engaged in property devel	opment activities	and holds non-	current Invento	ry.
Central Exchange Mining Ltd (ACN 119 438 265)			100%	100
Incorporated in Australia on 27 April 2006				
This company is currently engaged in resource relate	d activities.			
Koorian Olives Pty Ltd (ACN 120 616 891)			100%	100%
Incorporated in Australia on 7 July 2006)				
This company is currently engaged in olive oil produc	tion.			
Orion Indo Mining Pty Ltd (ACN 124 702 245)			100%	100%
Incorporated in Australia on 30 March 2007				
This company is currently engaged in resource relate	d activities.			
PT Orion Indo Mining			100%	100%
Incorporated in Indonesia on 4 April 2007				
This company is currently engaged in resource relate	d activities.			
Aquaverde Holdings Pty Ltd (ACN 128 938 090)			50%	

#### Aquaverde Holdings Pty Ltd (ACN 128 938 090)

Incorporated in Australia on 17 December 2007 This company is currently inactive.

# for the year ended 30 June 2008

#### 14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	_			Carrying A	mount
Name of Associate	Principal Activity	Ownershi	p Interest	2008	2007
		2008	2007	\$	\$
Bentley International Limited	Investments	28.80%	28.38%	3,792,957	4,626,965
Scarborough Equities Limited	Investments	28.47%	28.22%	5,414,558	7,012,570
				9,207,515	11,639,535

On 28 September 2007, the Company received 311,094 shares in BEL for \$122,760 and 144,094 shares in SCB for \$142,364 pursuant to the Company's participation under the respective BEL and SCB Dividend Reinvestment Plans.

The carrying value of the investment in BEL and SCB is in excess of their fair value (which is based on their closing bid price on ASX) and both the carrying and fair values are below their net tangible asset (NTA) backing values. The Directors support the carrying value positions as the Company has significant influence over the Associate companies' operations and would have reasonable prospects of realising the investments at at least their carrying values, which are below their NTA backings.

Movement in Investments in Associates	2008 \$	2007 \$
Shares in listed Associate entities brought forward	11,639,535	9,726,370
Share of profit/(loss) before income tax expense	(3,086,050)	2,577,652
Share of income tax expense	654,030	(426,992)
Dividends received	(255,124)	(481,705)
Acquisition of shares	255,124	244,210
Carrying amount at the end of the financial year	9,207,515	11,639,535
Fair value of listed investments in associates	2.054.024	4 207 646
Bentley International Limited	2,954,924	4,397,646
Scarborough Equities Limited	3,399,885 6,354,809	5,776,706 10,174,352
Net tangible asset value of listed investments in associates Bentley International Limited	4,632,858	5,705,009
Scarborough Equities Limited	5,344,282	6,923,972
Scarborough Equities Limited	9,977,140	12,628,981
Share of Associates' profits		,
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(3,086,050)	2,577,652
Income tax benefit/(expense)	654,030	(426,992)
Profit/(Loss) after income tax	(2,432,020)	2,150,660

#### Summarised Financial Position of Associates Group share of:

Summarised Financial Position of Associates	Group share or:					
	<b>Bentley Internatio</b>	nal Limited	Scarborough Equities Limited			
	2008	2007	2008	2007		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Current assets	4,672,284	5,835,090	682,335	2,130,829		
Non current assets	264,237	1,749	4,771,547	5,504,145		
Total assets	4,936,521	5,836,839	5,453,883	7,634,974		
Current liabilities Non current liabilities	(40,651) (262,953)	(131,830)	(81,154) (30,498)	(42,064) (668,938)		
Total liabilities	(303,604)	(131,830)	(111,652)	(711,002)		
Net assets	4,632,917	5,705,009	5,342,230	6,923,972		
Revenues	130,700	995,411	1,108,696	2,745,757		
Profit after income tax of associates	(1,093,611)	382,154	(1,598,012)	1,768,506		

#### Scarborough Equities Limited and Bentley International Limited - Lease Commitments

SCB and BEL has the same lease commitments disclosed in note 26.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Freehold Land	Buildings on Freehold Land	Plant & Equipment	Leasehold Improve- ments	Total
Consolidated Entity	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carrying amount at beginning	861,214	-	1,144,937	7,002	2,120,395
Revaluation (Note 22)	602,786	-	-	-	602,786
Additions	-	2,432	76,296	_	78,728
Depreciation expense	_	(8,181)	(181,428)	(1,023)	(190,632)
Disposal	-	-	(623)	-	(623)
Carrying amount at balance date	1,464,000	101,493	1,039,182	5,979	2,610,654
At 1 July 2006					
Cost	-	-	69,765	22,169	91,934
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-	(49,070)	(15,167)	(64,237)
Net carrying amount	-	-	20,695	7,002	27,697
At 30 June 2007					
Cost	861,214	112,432	1,315,165	22,170	2,310,981
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	602,786	(10,939)	(275,983)	(16,191)	299,673
Net carrying amount	1,464,000	101,493	1,039,182	5,979	2,610,654
2008					
Company					
Carrying amount at beginning	-	-	20,695	7,002	27,697
Additions	-	-	889	-	889
Depreciation expense	-	-	(5,255)	(1,023)	(6,278)
Disposal	-	-	(623)	-	(623)
Carrying amount at balance date	-	-	15,706	5,979	21,685
At 1 July 2006					
Cost	-	-	69,765	22,169	91,934
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-	(49,070)	(15,167)	(64,237)
Net carrying amount			20,695	7,002	27,697
At 30 June 2007					
Cost	-	-	53,982	22,170	76,152
Accumulated depreciation and impairment  Net carrying amount	-	-	(38,276) 15,706	(16,191) 5,979	(54,467) 21,685
, -			,	,	<u> </u>
2007 Consolidated Entity					
Carrying amount at beginning	-	-	26,550	7,817	34,367
Additions	861,214	110,000	1,187,879	381	2,159,474
Depreciation expense	, -	(2,758)	(69,492)	(1,196)	(73,446)
Disposal	-	-		- '	
Carrying amount at balance date	861,214	107,242	1,144,937	7,002	2,120,395
At 1 July 2006					
		_	70,177	21,788	91,965
Cost	-		/	,	- /
-	-	-	(43,627)	(13,971)	(57,598)
Cost	- - -	-			
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Net carrying amount			(43,627)	(13,971)	(57,598)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	(43,627)	(13,971)	(57,598)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment Net carrying amount  At 30 June 2007	-	110,000 (2,758)	(43,627) 26,550	(13,971) 7,817	(57,598) 34,367

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Freehold Land	Buildings on Freehold Land	Plant & Equipment	Leasehold Improve- ments	Total
2007					
Company	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Carrying amount at beginning	-	-	26,550	7,817	34,367
Additions	-	-	1,104	381	1,485
Depreciation expense	-	-	(6,959)	(1,196)	(8,155)
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount at balance date	-	-	20,695	7,002	27,697
At 1 July 2006					
Cost	-	-	70,177	21,788	91,965
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-	(43,627)	(13,971)	(57,598)
Net carrying amount	-	-	26,550	7,817	34,367
At 30 June 2007					
Cost	-	-	69,765	22,169	91,934
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-	(49,070)	(15,167)	(64,237)
Net carrying amount	-	-	20,695	7,002	27,697

Freehold land relates to the Koorian Olive Grove property of approximately 143 hectares located in Gingin, Western Australia. An independent qualified valuer has recently revalued the land upwards by \$602,786.

	Consolidate	Company		
16. OLIVE TREES	2008	2007	2007	2006
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Olive trees - at cost	300,000	300,000	-	-
Revaluation of trees	281,580	-	-	-
	581,580	300,000	=	-

### Nature of asset

The olive trees relate to the Koorian Olive Grove (approximately 64,500, 9 year old trees planted over 143 hectares). An independent qualified valuer has recently revalued the trees upwards by \$281,580.

**Consolidated Entity** 

17. INTAI	NGIBLE ASSET	2008	2007	2007	2006	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Water	licence (Koorian Olives - one gigalitre) - at cost	250,000	250,000	-	=	=
18. RESO	URCE PROJECTS					
Defer	red Exploration Expenditure					
	• •					
Baland	e at beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	

1,438,796 79,708 Direct expenditure 444,275 (25,025)Direct expenditure expensed (79,708)71,874 1,413,771 Balance at end of the year

The ultimate recoverability of Deferred Exploration Expenditure is dependant on its successful development or sale. On 11 August 2008, the Company disposed of its 70% interest in the Indonesian Berau Coal Project (via the sale of Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd) and its 25% interest in the West Australian Paulsens East Iron Ore Project (via the sale of Central Exchange Mining Ltd) to its joint venture partner in these projects, ASX listed Strike Resources Limited (Strike or SRK). A total of 9.5 million Strike shares were issued to Orion as consideration for the sale. The Company realised a gain on sale of these subsidiaries of \$17.5 million.

Company

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

	Consolidate	ed Entity	Company	
19. TRADE AND OTHER CREDITORS	2008	2007	2007	2006
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade creditors	223,610	652,061	(22)	515
Pending settlement on share investment purchases	-	715,943	-	715,943
Other creditors and accruals	246,272	258,599	246,272	258,599
Dividend payable	28,367	28,380	28,367	28,380
	498,249	1,654,983	274,617	1,003,437

Details of the Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks arising from current payables are set out in Note 25.

20.	TAX	Consolidat	-	Company		
		2008	2007	2007	2006	
	Current tax asset	\$	\$	\$	\$	
	Deferred tax on fair value gain adjustments		-	-	-	
	Current tax liabilities	E0 116	706.645	E10 E11	740 457	
	Income tax	58,116	726,615	512,514	740,157	
	Non current tax liabilities	4 027 065	4 460 074	2 404 000	4 525 074	
	Deferred tax on fair value gain adjustments	4,037,865	4,468,974	3,484,009	4,535,974	
		4,095,981	5,195,589	3,996,523	5,276,131	
	Reconciliations					
	<b>Gross movements</b> The overall movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:					
	Opening balance	4,468,974	1,799,674	4,535,974	923,924	
	Charged to income statement	(431,109)	2,669,300	(1,051,965)	3,612,050	
	Closing balance	4,037,865	4,468,974	3,484,009	4,535,974	
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,		1/000/01	
	<b>Deferred tax asset - fair value adjustments</b> The movement in deferred tax asset for each temporary difference during the year are as follows:					
	Opening balance	-	-	-	-	
	Credited/(charged) to income statement		-	-		
	Closing balance		-	<u>-</u>		
	Deferred tax liability - fair value adjustments The movement in deferred tax liability for each temporary difference during the year are as follows:  Opening balance	4,468,974	1,799,674	4,535,974	923,924	
	Charged to income statement	(431,109)	2,669,300	(1,051,965)	3,612,050	
	Closing balance	4,037,865	4,468,974	3,484,009	4,535,974	
21.	ISSUED CAPITAL					
	Fully paid ordinary shares	19,374,007	19,374,007	19,374,007	19,374,007	
	Movement in Ordinary Share Capital	Date of movement	Number of shares			
	At 1 July 2006		17,814,389	19,375,598	19,375,598	
	Unmarketable parcel expenses		, ,	(1,591)	(1,591)	
				( , )	( , )	
	At 1 July 2007	-	17,814,389	19,374,007	19,374,007	
		_				
		=	17,814,389	19,374,007		

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

### 21. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

### (a) Capital risk management

The consolidated entity's and parent entity's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the consolidated entity may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The consolidated entity has no borrowings. The consolidated entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

	Consolidated Entity		Company			
	2008	2007	2008	2007		
22. RESERVES	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Asset revaluation reserve	602.786	-	_	_		

The Asset Revaluation Reserve relates to the revaluation of the Koorian Olive Grove land from cost of \$861,214 to \$1,464,000, as recently assessed by an independent qualified valuer.

23. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES	Consolidate	Company		
	2008	2007	2008	2007
(a) Transactions with related parties	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dividends revenue				
Bentley International Limited	112,760	222,529	112,760	222,529
Scarborough Equities Limited	142,364	259,197	142,364	259,197
Dividends paid				
Queste Communications Ltd	299,534	385,116	299,534	385,116

ASX listed Queste Communications Ltd (QUE) is deemed to control the Consolidated Entity as QUE has 48% of the Company's total issued share capital. During the financial year, there were transactions between the Company, QUE, BEL and SCB, pursuant to shared office and administration expense arrangements on a cost recovery basis. There were no outstanding amounts as at balance date.

		Company		
		2008	2007	
(b) Loans to subsidiaries		\$	\$	
Beginning of the year		7,204,283	3,911,213	
Loans advanced		2,325,819	3,899,485	
Loans repayment received		(812,079)	(625,220)	
Loans forgiven	_	-	18,805	
End of year	- -	8,718,023	7,204,283	
Balances outstanding at Balance Date	·			
Subsidiaries of Orion Equities Limited				
Silver Sands Developments Pty Ltd	10	3,900,878	3,868,263	
Koorian Olives Pty Ltd	10	3,579,913	3,326,220	
Central Exchange Mining Ltd	10	95,678	4,900	
Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd	10	182,064	4,900	
PT Orion Indo Mining	10	959,490		
	- -	8,718,023	7,204,283	
	-			

Details of the percentage of ordinary shares held in controlled entities are disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements. The above amounts remain outstanding at balance date. No interest is charged on the outstanding amounts. No provisions for doubtful debts have been raised in relation to any outstanding balances amounts owed by Silver Sands Development Pty Ltd and Koorian Olives Pty Ltd as they have assets of \$3.4 million and \$3.6 million respectively as at 30 June 2008. Interest is not charged on such outstanding amounts.

Pakistan

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

## 24. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Consolidated Entity operates in the investments, resources and olive grove operations sectors.

		Segment	rovonuo	Sagmon	t recult
BUSINESS SEGMENT		2008	2007	Segment result 2008 2007	
BOSINESS SEGMENT		\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments		532,912	12,178,459	519,382	11,962,831
Resources		-	1,562,500	(699,835)	1,482,792
Olive grove operations		1,322,307	58,095	(54,129)	(360,372)
Share of associates' profit		(2,432,019)	1,668,955	(2,432,019)	1,668,955
Unallocated		49,703	73,555	(416,265)	(878,834)
Total segment revenue	-	(527,097)	15,541,564	, , ,	, , ,
Profit before income tax			<u> </u>	(3,082,866)	13,875,372
Income tax expense (Note 3a)				513,853	(3,827,114)
Profit after income tax			•	(2,569,013)	10,048,258
			•		
		Segment 2008	t Assets 2007	Segment 2008	liabilities 2007
		2008 \$	2007 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$
Investments		30,848,630	<b>3</b> 6,396,227	<b>ب</b> 4,037,865	<b>⋾</b> 5,184,917
Investments		1,613,664	30,390,227	4,037,603	3,104,917
Resources Olive grove operations		3,617,201	3,416,848	211,133	651,549
Unallocated		575,281	1,687,810	345,232	1,014,106
onanocated	=	36,654,776	41,500,885	4,594,230	6,850,572
	=	33/33 ./ 3	/ 0 0 0 / 0 0 0	.700 .7200	3/333/37.2
		2008		20	07
			Olive grove		Olive grove
Other	Investments	Resources	operations	Investments	operations
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Acquisition of segment assets Other non-cash expenses	3,086,507	-	74,845	5,935,246	2,707,989
Unrealised gains/(losses) on securities	(1,836,528)	-	-	8,583,740	-
Revaluation of trees	-	-	(281,580)	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	184,196	-	65,291
GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT					Acquisitions
	Segment revenue	Segment results	Segment Assets	Segment Liabilities	of segment assets
	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008
	\$	<b>\$</b>	\$	4 504 333	\$
Australia	527,097	(2,380,575)	35,537,284	4,594,230	3,161,352
Indonesia	-	(688,987)	1,117,492	-	-

(13,304)

36,654,776

(3,082,866)

527,097

3,161,352

4,594,230

ORION EQUITIES LIMITED A.B.N. 77 000 742 843

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The consolidated entity's financial instruments mainly consist of listed and unlisted securities, deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable and loans to related parties. The main risks arising from the consolidated entity's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk, foreign currency risk, equity price risk and liquidity risk.

Risk management is carried out by the Investment Committee with the approval of the Board of Directors. The committee evaluates, monitors and manages the consolidated entity's financial risk in close co-operation with its operating units.

The financial receivables and payables of the consolidated entity and company in the table below are due or payable within 30 days. The financial investments are held for trading and are realised at the discretion of the Board of Directors

		rage st Rate	Variable Inte	erest Rate	Non-Intere	st Bearing	Tot	al
Consolidated Entity	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Financial assets	%	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	5.4	6.4	517,781	1,620,198	-		517,781	1,620,198
Receivables			-	-	271,834	167,201	271,834	167,201
Investments		_	-	-	17,991,115	20,935,654	17,991,115	20,935,654
			517,781	1,620,198	18,262,949	21,102,855	18,780,730	22,723,053
Financial liabilities								
Payables		_	-	-	(498,249)	(1,654,983)	(498,249)	(1,654,983)
Net financial assets		_	517,781	1,620,198	17,764,700	19,447,872	18,282,481	21,068,070
		_						
Company								
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	5.4	6.4	288,787	1,553,974	-	-	288,787	1,553,974
Receivables			-	-	8,721,148	7,211,191	8,721,148	7,211,191
Investments		_	-	-	17,991,115	20,935,654	17,991,115	20,935,654
			288,787	1,553,974	26,712,263	28,146,845	27,001,050	29,700,819
Financial liabilities								
Payables		_	-	-	(274,617)	(1,003,437)	. , ,	(1,003,437)
Net financial assets		_	288,787	1,553,974	26,437,646	27,143,408	26,726,433	28,697,382

### (a) Interest Rate Risk Exposure

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The consolidated entity's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relate primarily to investments held in interest bearing instruments. The consolidated entity has no borrowings. The average interest rate for the year for the below table is 5.4% (2007: 6.4%).

	Consolidated Entity		Company					
	2008 2007		2008 2007 2008		2007 2008		2008 20	2007
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
Cash at bank	517,781	625,691	288,787	559,467				
Bank bills	-	994,507	-	994,507				
	517,781	1,620,198	288,787	1,553,974				

## (b) Credit Risk Exposure

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty under a financial instrument will default (in whole or in part) on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the consolidated entity. Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by undertaking appropriate due diligence on potential investments, carrying out all market transactions through approved brokers, settling non-market transactions with the involvement of suitably qualified legal and accounting personnel (both internal and external), and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security (where appropriate) as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This financial year there was no necessity to obtain collateral.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (b) Credit Risk Exposure (continued)

The credit quality of the financial assets are neither past due nor impaired. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as summarised below:

	Consolidat	Consolidated Entity		oany					
	2008 200		2007 2008		2008 2007 2008		7 2008 2007	2007	
	\$	\$	\$	\$					
Cash and cash equivalents	517,781	1,620,198	288,787	1,553,974					
Receivables	239,011	134,378	8,721,148	7,211,191					
Investments	11,258,713	14,524,147	11,258,713	14,524,147					
	12,015,505	16,278,723	20,268,648	23,289,312					

The consolidated entity measures credit risk on a fair value basis. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any provision for losses, represents the consolidated entity's maximum exposure to credit risk.

All receivables noted above are due within 30 days. None of the above receivables are past due.

### (c) Foreign Currency Risk

The consolidated entity is exposed to foreign currency risk on cash held by the Company and a controlled foreign entity, foreign resource project investment commitments and exploration and evaluation expenditure on foreign resource projects. The currency risk giving rise to this risk is primarily the Indonesian rupiah (IDR). The consolidated entity has not entered into any forward exchange contracts as at balance date and is currently fully exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to foreign currency risk at reporting date was as follows:

	Consolidated Entity			Company	
	2008	2007	2008	3	2007
	IDR	IDR	IDR		IDR
Cash and cash equivalents	196,148,658		-	-	-
Receivables	1,730,320,600		-	-	-
Payables	(110,461,923)		-	-	-

### (d) Equity Price Risk Exposure

Equity price risk represents the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments in the market. Equity price risk is minimised through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with Board established mandate limits and investment strategies.

Equity securities price risk arises on the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

At the investment portfolio level, the consolidated entity is not overly exposed (by majority of its net assets) to one company or one particular industry sector of the market.

### (e) Liquidity Risk Exposure

Liquidity risk is the risk that the consolidated entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The consolidated entity has no borrowings. The consolidated entity's non-cash investments can be realised to meet accounts payable arising in the normal course of business.

The financial liabilities disclosed in the above table have a maturity obligation of within 30 days.

### (f) Net Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amount of financial instruments recorded in the financial statements represent their fair value determined in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in note 1. The aggregate fair value and carrying amount of financial assets at balance date are set out in Note 11 and financial liabilities at balance date are set out in Note 19.

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

### 25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (g) Sensitivity Analysis

The Consolidated Entity has no borrowings, therefore no liability exposure to interest rate risk. The revenue exposure is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity. It has therefore not been included in the sensitivity analysis.

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to the Indonesian rupiahs is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity. It has therefore not been included in the sensitivity analysis.

The Consolidated Entity has performed a sensitivity analysis on its exposure to market price risk at balance date. The analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks. The All Ordinaries Index was utilised as the benchmark for the listed share investments which are available for sale assets or at fair value through profit or loss. The unlisted options in Strike Resources Limited (SRK) is sensitive to the SRK share price.

(i) Equity Price risk - listed investments		Consolidat	ed Entity	Company	
		2008	2007	2008	2007
	Change in profit	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Increase by 15%	794,314	932,489	794,314	932,489
	Decrease by 15%	(794,314)	(932,489)	(794,314)	(932,489)
	Change in equity				
	Increase by 15%	794,314	932,489	794,314	932,489
	Decrease by 15%	(794,314)	(932,489)	(794,314)	(932,489)
(ii)	Equity Price risk - unlisted investments	Consolidat	ed Entity	Comp	any
(ii)	Equity Price risk - unlisted investments	Consolidat 2008	ed Entity 2007	Comp 2008	any 2007
(ii)	Equity Price risk - unlisted investments		•	•	•
(ii)	Equity Price risk - unlisted investments  Change in profit	2008	2007	2008	2007
(ii)	• •	2008	2007	2008	2007
(ii)	Change in profit	2008 \$	2007 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$
(ii)	Change in profit Increase by 15%	<b>2008</b> <b>\$</b> 1,105,744	<b>2007</b> <b>\$</b> 1,054,672	<b>2008</b> \$ 1,105,744	2007 \$ 1,054,672
(ii)	Change in profit Increase by 15% Decrease by 15%	<b>2008</b> <b>\$</b> 1,105,744	<b>2007</b> <b>\$</b> 1,054,672	<b>2008</b> \$ 1,105,744	2007 \$ 1,054,672

26. COMMITMENTS	Consolidated Entity		
	2008	2007	
(a) Lease Commitments	\$	\$	
Non-cancellable operating lease commitments:			
Not longer than one year	26,062	24,960	
Between 12 months and 5 years	131,109	99,840	
Greater than 5 years	-	24,960	
	157,170	149,760	

The lease is the Company's share of the office premises at Level 14, The Forrest Centre, 221 St Georges Terrace, Perth, Western Australia, and includes all outgoings (exclusive of GST). The lease is for a 7 year term expiring 30 June 2013 and contains a rent review increase each year alternating between 5% and the greater of market rate or CPI + 1%.

30 JUNE 2008 ORION EQUITIES LIMITED A.B.N. 77 000 742 843

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## for the year ended 30 June 2008

### 27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

### (a) Cooperation Agreement - Berau Coal Project (East Kalimantan, Indonesia)

Under the terms of a cooperation agreement, Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd (OIO) and its Indonesian subsidiary PT Orion Indo Mining (PTOIM) has the following future payment and royalty obligations to PT Kaltim Jaya Bara as at balance date:

- (i) Two remaining staged cash payments totalling US\$0.30 million over a 12 month period; and
- (ii) Royalties of between US\$1.00 to \$4.00 per dry metric tonne of coal mined and sold from the concession area, depending on the calorific value of the coal (ranging from 5,000 to 6,000 KCal and above) and the waste to ore ratio incurred in mining operations.

On 11 August 2008, the Company sold Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd to Strike in consideration for 7.75 million Strike shares.

### (b) Royalty on Tenements

The Consolidated Entity is entitled to receive a royalty of 2% of gross revenues (exclusive of GST) from any commercial exploitation of any minerals from various Australian tenements - EL 47/1328 and PL 47/1170 (the Paulsens East Project tenements currently held by Strike), EL 24879, 24928, 24928 and 24729 and ELA 24927 (the Bigryli South Project tenements in the Northern Territory, currently held by Alara Uranium Limited (Alara)), EL 09/1253 (a Mt James Project tenement in Western Australia, currently held by Alara) and EL 46/629 and a right to earn and acquire a 85% interest in ELA 46/585 (excluding all manganese mineral rights) (the Canning Well Project tenements in Western Australia, currently held by Alara).

### (c) Native Title

The Consolidated Entity's tenements in Australia may be subject to native title applications in the future. At this stage it is not possible to quantify the impact (if any) that native title may have on the operations of the Consolidated Entity.

## (d) Directors' Deeds

The Company has entered into deeds of indemnity with each of its Directors indemnifying them against liability incurred in discharging their duties as directors/officers of the Consolidated Entity. At the end of the financial period, no claims have been made under any such indemnities and accordingly, it is not possible to quantify the potential financial obligation of the Consolidated Entity under these indemnities.

### 28. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (a) On 11 August 2008, Orion disposed its 70% interest in the Indonesian Berau Coal Project (via the sale of Orion Indo Operations Pty Ltd) and its 25% interest in the West Australian Paulsens East Iron Ore Project (via the sale of Central Exchange Mining Ltd) to its joint venture partner in these projects, ASX listed Strike Resources Limited (Strike). A total of 9.5 million Strike shares were issued to Orion as consideration for the sale. Orion realised a gain on sale of these subsidiaries of \$17.5 million (based on Strike's closing bid price of \$1.97 on the date of completion), which will be accounted for in the 2008/09 financial year. These Strike shares have a current value of \$13.78 million (based on Strike's closing bid price of \$1.45 per share on 27 August 2008).
- (b) The Company has declared a final dividend of 0.5 cent per share (100% franked) which is funded from retained earnings of \$12,083,753 as at 30 June 2008. The record date will be 19 September 2008 with payment to be effected on 26 September 2008.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial period that significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial periods.

## **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement and accompanying notes as set out on pages 19 to 44, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
  - comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
  - give a true and fair view of the Company's and Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of their performance for the year ended on that date;
- 2. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 3. The remuneration disclosures set out in the Directors' Report on pages 14 to 16 (as the audited Remuneration Report) comply with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001; and
- 4. The Directors have been given the declarations by the Executive Chairman (the person who performs the chief executive function) and the Company Secretary (the person who performs the chief financial officer function) as required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

**Director** 

Faroog Khan Chairman

Perth, Western Australia

29 August 2008

BDO Kendalls Audit & Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd 128 Hay Street SUBIACO WA 6008 PO Box 700 WEST PERTH WA 6872 Phone 61 8 9380 8400 Fax 61 8 9380 8499 aa.perth@bdo.com.au www.bdo.com.au

ABN 79 112 284 787

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ORION EQUITIES LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Orion Equities Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2008, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

## Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



## **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion the financial report of Orion Equities Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) the financial report of Orion Equities Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2008 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

## Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

## **Auditor's Opinion**

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Orion Equities Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

## **BDO Kendalls Audit and Assurance (WA) Pty Ltd**

BDO Kendalls

CR Burton Director

Dated this 29<sup>th</sup> day of August 2008 Perth, Western Australia

## Compliance with Corporate Governance Council's Principles

The extent to which the Company has followed the ASX Corporate Governance Council's 10 principles of good corporate governance and best practice recommendations is as follows:

Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations	Compliance	CGS References / Comments
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1 Formalise and disclose the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	CGS 2, 4.1
1.2 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 1.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• an explanation of any departure from best practice recommendation 1.1.	N/A	N/A
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• the statement of matters reserved for the board or a summary of the board charter or the statement of delegated authority to management.	Yes	Website CGS 2, 3.3, 4.1
Principle 2: Structure the board to add value	•	
2.1 A majority of the board should be independent directors.	No	CG\$ 3.5
2.2 The chairperson should be an independent director.	No	CG\$ 3.2, 3.5
2.3 The roles of chairperson and chief executive officer should not be exercised by the same individual.	N/A	The Company has no CEO. CGS 3.2, 4.1
2.4 The board should establish a nomination committee.	No	CGS 4.2
2.5 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 2.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• the skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of director held by each director in office at the date of the annual report;	Yes	Annual Report
• the names of the directors considered by the board to constitute independent directors and the company's materiality thresholds;	Yes	CG\$ 3.5
• a statement as to whether there is a procedure agreed by the board for directors to take independent professional advice at the expense of the company;	Yes	CGS 2, 3.13
• the term of office held by each director in office at the date of the annual report;	Yes	CGS 3.10
• the names of members of the nomination committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee; and	N/A	No committee
• an explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 or 2.5.	Yes	CGS 4.2
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• a description of the procedure for the selection and appointment of new directors to the board;	Yes	Website CG\$ 3.1, 3.10, 4.2
the charter of the nomination committee or a summary of the role, rights, responsibilities and membership requirements for that committee; and	N/A	No committee
• the nomination committee's policy for the appointment of directors.	N/A	No committee
Principle 3: Promote ethical and responsible decision-making	<u></u>	
3.1 Establish a code of conduct to guide the directors, the chief executive officer (or equivalent), the chief financial officer (or equivalent) and any other key executives as to:	No	CGS 6, 7.1 (many aspects of a code of
3.1.1 the practices necessary to maintain confidence in the company's integrity; and		conduct are, however,
3.1.2 the responsibility and accountability of individuals for reporting and investigating reports of unethical practices.		covered by other Company policies)
3.2 Disclose the policy concerning trading in company securities by directors officers and employees.	Yes	CGS 3.8

Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations	Compliance	CGS References / Comments
3.3 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 3.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 3.1, 3.2 or 3.3.	Yes	CGS 6, 7.1 (many aspects of a code of conduct are covered by other Company policies)
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• any applicable code of conduct or a summary of its main provisions. This disclosure may be the same as that required under Principle 10; and	N/A	No code of conduct, although see first dot point in 3.3 above
the trading policy or a summary of its main provisions.	Yes	Website, CGS 3.8
Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in financial reporting		
4.1 Require the chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) to state in writing to the board that the company's financial reports present a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the company's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards.	Yes	CGS 4.1, 7.1
4.2 The board should establish an audit committee.	No	CGS 2(8), 4.2
4.3 Structure the audit committee so that it consists of:	N/A	No committee
<ul><li>only non-executive directors;</li><li>a majority of independent directors;</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>an independent chairperson, who is not chairperson of the board; and</li> <li>at least three members.</li> </ul>		
4.4 The audit committee should have a formal charter.	N/A	No committee
4.5 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 4.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• details of the names and qualifications of those appointed to the audit committee or, where an audit committee has not been formed, those who fulfil the functions of an audit committee;	Yes	CGS 2(8), 3.2
• the number of meetings of the audit committee and the names of the attendees; and	N/A	No committee
• explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 or 4.5.	Yes	CGS 3.5, 4.2
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
the audit committee charter; and	N/A	No committee
• information on procedures for the selection and appointment of the external auditor, and for the rotation of external audit engagement partners.	Yes	Website, CGS 7.2
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure	T	Г
5.1 Establish written policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rule disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at a senior management level for that compliance.	Yes	CGS 7.1, 8.2
5.2 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 5.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• explanation of any departures from best practice recommendation 5.1 or 5.2.	N/A	No departures
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• a summary of the policies and procedures designed to guide compliance with Listing Rule disclosure requirements.	Yes	Website CGS 8.2

Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations	Compliance	CGS References / Comments
Principle 6: Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1 Design and disclose a communications strategy to promote effective communication with shareholders and encourage effective participation at general meetings.	Yes	CGS 8.1, 8.2
6.2 Request the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.	Yes	CG\$ 7.2
6.3 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 6.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• an explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 6.1 or 6.2.	N/A	No departures
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• a description of the arrangements the company has to promote communication with shareholders.		Website CGS 8.1, 8.2
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk	Ţ	
7.1 The board or appropriate board committee should establish policies on risk oversight and management.	Yes	CGS 7.1
7.2 The chief executive officer (or equivalent) and the chief financial officer (or equivalent) should state to the board in writing that:	Yes	CGS 7.1
7.2.1 the statement given in accordance with best practice recommendation 4.1 (the integrity of financial statements) is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the board; and		
7.2.2 the company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.		
7.3 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 7.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 7.1, 7.2 or 7.3.	N/A	No departures
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• a description of the company's risk management policy and internal compliance and control system.	Yes	Website CGS 7.1
Principle 8: Encourage enhanced performance	1	
8.1 Disclose the process for performance evaluation of the board, its committees and individual directors, and key executives.	Yes	CGS 3.11
8.2 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 8.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
<ul> <li>whether a performance evaluation for the board and its members has taken place in the reporting period and how it was conducted; and</li> </ul>	Yes	CGS 3.11
an explanation of any departure from best practice recommendation 8.1.	N/A	No departure
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• a description of the process for performance evaluation of the board, its committees and individual directors, and key executives.	Yes	Website CGS 3.11
Principle 9: Remunerate fairly and responsibly	1	
9.1 Provide disclosure in relation to the company's remuneration polices to enable investors to understand (i) the costs and benefits of those policies and (ii) the link between remuneration paid to directors and key executives and corporate performance.	Yes	Remuneration Report within the Annual Report
9.2 The board should establish a remuneration committee.	No	CGS 4.2
9.3 Clearly distinguish the structure of non-executive directors' remuneration from that of executives.	Yes	Remuneration Report within the Annual Report

Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations	Compliance	CGS References / Comments
9.4 Ensure that payment of equity-based executive remuneration is made in accordance with thresholds set in plans approved by shareholders.	N/A	Directors are not entitled to any equity- based remuneration
9.5 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 9.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• disclosure of the company's remuneration policies referred to in best practice recommendation 9.1 and in Box 9.1;	Yes	Remuneration Report within the Annual Report
• the names of the members of the remuneration committee and their attendance at meetings of the committee;	N/A	No committee
the existence and terms of any schemes for retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation, for non-executive directors; and	Yes	There are no such retirement schemes in place
• an explanation of any departures from best practice recommendations 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4 or 9.5.	Yes	CGS 4.2
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
• the charter of the remuneration committee or a summary of the role, rights, responsibilities and membership requirements for that committee.	N/A	No committee
Principle 10: Recognise the legitimate interests of stakeholders		
10.1 Establish and disclose a code of conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations.	No	CGS 6, 7.1 (many aspects of a code of conduct are, however, covered by other Company policies)
10.2 Provide the information indicated in Guide to reporting on Principle 10.		
The following material should be included in the corporate governance section of the annual report:		
• an explanation of any departure from best practice recommendation 10.1.	Yes	CGS 6
The following material should be made publicly available, ideally by posting it to the company's website in a clearly-marked corporate governance section:		
any applicable code of conduct or a summary of its main provisions.	N/A	No code of conduct, although see 10.1 above

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CGS)

#### 1. Framework and Approach to Corporate Governance and Responsibility

The Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance. Good corporate governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders.

The Board of Directors supports the Principles of Good Corporate Governance and Best Practice Recommendations developed by the ASX Corporate Governance Council ("Council"). The Company's practices are largely consistent with the Council's guidelines - the Board considers that the implementation of some recommendations are not appropriate having regard to the nature and scale of the Company's activities and size of the Board. The Board uses its best endeavours to ensure exceptions to the Council's guidelines do not have a negative impact on the Company and the best interests of shareholders as a

Details of all of the Council's recommendations can be found on the ASX website at:

http://www.asx.com.au/supervision/governance/index.htm.

#### 2. Board of Directors - Role and Responsibilities

In general the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. The Board is also responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Company, and recognises the need for the highest standards of behaviour and accountability in acting in the best interests of the Company as a whole. The Board also ensures that the Company complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal or regulatory obligations. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the Company.

Where the Board considers that particular expertise or information is required, which is not available from within their number, appropriate external advice may be taken and reviewed prior to a final decision being made by the Board.

Without intending to limit the general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the matters set out below, subject to delegation as specified elsewhere in this Statement or as otherwise appropriate:

- (1) formulation and approval of the strategic direction, objectives and goals of the Company;
- (2)the prudential control of the Company's finances and operations and monitoring the financial performance of the Company;
- the resourcing, review and monitoring of (3)executive management;
- (4)ensuring that adequate internal control systems and procedures exist and that compliance with these systems and procedures is maintained;

- (5) the identification of significant business risks and ensuring that such risks are adequately managed;
- the timeliness, accuracy and effectiveness of (6) communications and reporting to shareholders and the market:
- establishment (7) and maintenance appropriate ethical standards;
- responsibilities typically assumed by an audit committee including:
  - reviewing and approving the audited annual and reviewed half yearly financial
  - reviewing the appointment of the external (b) auditor, their independence, the audit fee, and any questions of resignation or dismissal:
- responsibilities typically assumed remuneration committee including:
  - reviewing the remuneration and performance of both Executive and Non-Executive Directors;
  - policies setting Executives' (b) for remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of employment for Executives, undertaking reviews of Executives' performance, including setting goals and reviewing progress in achieving those goals; and
  - reviewing the Company's Executive and (c) employee incentive schemes and making recommendations on any proposed changes: and
- (10)responsibilities typically assumed by a nomination committee including:
  - devising criteria for Board membership, regularly reviewing the need for various skills and experience on the Board and identifying specific individuals nomination as Directors; and
  - oversight of Board and Executive (b) succession plans.

#### Board of Directors - Composition, Structure and 3. **Process**

The Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties given its current size and the scale and nature of the Company's activities. The names of the Directors currently in office and during the 2007/2008 year and their qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

### Skills, Knowledge and Experience

Directors are appointed based on the specific corporate and governance skills and experience required by the Company. The Board recognises its need to contain Directors with a relevant blend of personal experience in accounting and finance, law, financial and investment markets, financial management and public company administration, and Director-level business or corporate

experience, having regard to the scale and nature of the Company's activities. A Director is initially appointed by the Board and retires (and stands for re-election) at the next Annual General Meeting after their appointment.

### **Chairman and Executive Directors**

The Executive Chairman leads the Board and has responsibility for ensuring the Board receives accurate, timely and clear information to enable Directors to perform their duties as a Board. The Executive Chairman of the Company is Mr Farooq Khan, whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

Messrs Victor Ho and William Johnson are Executive Directors of the Company, whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

#### 3.3. **Non-Executive Directors**

The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer. One of the current Board's four Directors is a Non-Executive Director -Mr Yaqoob Khan, whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 lune 2008

### **Company Secretary**

The Company Secretary is appointed by the Board and is responsible for developing and maintaining the information systems and processes that are appropriate for the Board to fulfil its role and is responsible to the Board for ensuring compliance with Board procedures and governance matters. The Company Secretary is also responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. The Company Secretary is Mr Victor Ho (also an Executive Director), whose qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

#### 3.5. Independence

An independent Director, in the view of the Company, is a Non-Executive Director who:

- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- within the last 3 years has not been employed in (2) an Executive capacity by the Company, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- within the last 3 years has not been a principal of (3)a material professional adviser or a material consultant to the Company, or an employee materially associated with a service provider;
- (4) is not a material supplier or customer of the Company, or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a material supplier or
- has no material contractual relationship with the (5) Company other than as a Director of the Company;
- (6) has not served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to,

- materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Mr Faroog Khan (Executive Chairman), William Johnson (Executive Director) and Mr Victor Ho (Executive Director and Company Secretary) are not regarded as independent Directors, being Executive Directors of the Company. Mr Yaqoob Khan is not regarded as an independent Director, being a Director of the controlling shareholder of the Company, Queste Communications Ltd (QUE). Mr Faroog Khan is also Executive Chairman and Managing Director of QUE and Mr Ho is also Company Secretary of QUE.

The Board considers that the Company is not currently of a size, nor are its affairs of such complexity to justify the appointment and further expense of a majority of independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board believes that the individuals on the Board can make, and do make, quality and independent judgments in the best interests of the Company on all relevant issues.

If the Company's activities increase in size, nature and scope the size of the Board will be reviewed periodically and the optimum number of Directors required for the Board to properly perform its responsibilities and functions.

#### Conflicts of Interest 3.6.

To ensure that Directors are at all times acting in the interests of the Company, Directors must:

- disclose to the Board actual or potential conflicts of interest that may or might reasonably be thought to exist between the interests of the Director and the interests of any other parties in carrying out the activities of the Company; and
- if requested by the Board, within 7 days or such further period as may be permitted, take such necessary and reasonable steps to remove any conflict of interest.

If a Director cannot or is unwilling to remove a conflict of interest then the Director must, as per the Corporations Act, absent himself from the room when Board discussion and/or voting occurs on matters about which the conflict relates (save with the approval of the remaining Directors and subject to the Corporations Act).

#### **Related Party Transactions** 3.7.

Related party transactions include any financial transaction between a Director and the Company as defined in the Corporations Act or the ASX Listing Rules. Unless there is an exemption under the Corporations Act from the requirement to obtain shareholder approval for the related party transaction, the Board cannot approve the transaction. The Company also discloses related party transactions in its financial report as required under relevant Accounting Standards.

#### 3.8. **Share Dealings and Disclosures**

The Company's policy regarding Directors, Executives and employees dealing in its securities is set by the Board. The Board prohibits Directors, Executives and employees from acting on material information until it has been released to the market and adequate time has been given for this to be reflected in the prices of the Company's securities. Executives and employees and Directors are required to consult the Chairman and the Board respectively, prior to dealing in securities in the Company or other companies with which the Company has a relationship.

Dealings in the Company's securities by officers and employees are not permitted at any time whilst they are in the possession of price-sensitive information not already available to the market.

### **Board Nominations**

The Board will consider nominations for appointment or election of Directors that may arise from time to time having regard to the corporate and governance skills required by the Company and procedures outlined in the Constitution and the Corporations Act.

### 3.10. Terms of Appointment as a Director

The current Directors of the Company have not been appointed for fixed terms. The constitution of the Company provides that a Director (other than any Managing Director) may not retain office for more than three calendar years or beyond the third annual general meeting following his election, whichever is longer, without submitting himself or herself for re-election. One third of the Directors (save for any Managing Director) must retire each year and are eligible for re-election. The Directors who retire by rotation at each annual general meeting are those with the longest length of time in office since their appointment or last election.

The initial appointment and last re-election dates of each Director are listed below.

Director	Appointed	AGM Last Re- elected
Farooq Khan	23 October 2006	30 November 2006
Victor Ho	4 July 2003	30 November 2006
William Johnson	28 February 2003	29 November 2005 (standing for re- election at the 2008 AGM)
Yaqoob Khan	5 November 1999	30 November 2007

## Performance Review and Evaluation

It is the policy of the Board to ensure that the Directors and Executives of the Company be equipped with the knowledge and information they need to discharge their responsibilities effectively and that individual and collective performance is regularly and fairly reviewed. Although the Company is not of a size to warrant the development of formal processes for evaluating the performance of its Board, individual Directors and Executives, there is on-going monitoring by the Chairman and the Board. The Non-Executive Directors are responsible for reviewing the performance remuneration of Executive Directors. The Chairman also speaks to Directors individually regarding their role as a Director.

### 3.12. Meetings of the Board

The Chairman and Company Secretary schedule formal Board meetings whenever necessary to deal with specific matters requiring attention. Circulatory Resolutions are also utilised where appropriate either in place of or in addition to formal Board meetings.

Each member of the Board is committed to spending sufficient time to enable them to carry out their duties as a Director of the Company.

It is recognised and accepted that Board members may also concurrently serve on other boards, either in an executive or non-executive capacity.

#### 3.13. Independent Professional Advice

Subject to prior consultation with the Chairman, each Director has the right to seek independent legal and other professional advice at the Company's expense concerning any aspect of the Company's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties responsibilities as Directors.

#### Access to Company Information and Confidentiality

All Directors have the right of access to all relevant Company books and to the Company's Executive Management. In accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical standards, Directors and Executives of the Company have agreed to keep confidential information received in the course of the exercise of their duties and will not disclose non-public information except where disclosure is authorised or legally mandated.

## 3.15. Directors' Deeds

The Company has also entered into a deed with each of the current Directors to regulate certain matters between the Company and each Director, both during the time the Director holds office and after the Director ceases to be an officer of the Company (or of any of its whollyowned subsidiaries). A summary of the terms of such deeds is contained within the Remuneration Report in the Director's Report for the year ended 30 June 2008 and in the 2005 Notice of AGM dated 18 October 2005.

#### 4. Management

#### 4.1. Executives

The Company does not presently have a Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer. The Company's executive team comprise the Executive Chairman and two Executive Directors (one of whom also acts as the Company Secretary).

The Board has determined that the Executive Chairman and the Company Secretary are the appropriate persons to make the chief executive and CFO equivalent declarations respectively in respect of the year ended 30 June 2008, as required under section 295A of the Corporations Act and recommended by the Council.

### **Board and Management Committees**

In view of the current composition of the Board (which comprises three Executive and one Non-Executive Directors) and the nature and scale of the Company's activities, the Board has considered that establishing formally-constituted committees for audit, nominations and remuneration would contribute little to its effective management.

Accordingly audit matters, the nomination of new Directors and the setting, or review, of remuneration levels of Directors and Executives are reviewed by the Board as a whole and approved by resolution of the Board (with abstentions from relevant Directors where there is a conflict of interest). That is matters typically dealt with by audit, nominations and remuneration committees are dealt with by the full Board.

#### **Investment Committee** 4.3.

The Company's implementation of its investment strategies in accordance with its investment objectives will be carried out by the Board and the Investment Committee (in conjunction with external consultants and advisers where appropriate). The Investment Committee comprises Executive Chairman, Faroog Khan and Executive Directors, William Johnson and Victor Ho.

Where necessary, the Investment Committee will engage additional specialist resource(s) to assist with the identification, evaluation and management of particular investment opportunities. This includes consultants and advisers, analysts and brokers.

### **Remuneration Policy**

Please refer to the Remuneration Report in the Director's Report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

#### 6. Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards

The Company was not of a size that warranted the establishment of a formal code of conduct that guides compliance with obligations to stakeholders during the 2007/2008 financial year. However, the Company's policies are focussed on ensuring that all Directors, Executives, and employees act with the utmost integrity and objectivity in carrying out their duties and responsibilities, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Company. Many of the items commonly found in a code of conduct are covered by the Company's policies designed to deal with compliance risk identified in section 7.1 of this Statement.

#### 7. Internal Control, Risk Management and Audit

#### 7.1. Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board has ultimate responsibility for risk management. The Board is responsible to oversee the Company's policies on and management of risks that have the potential to impact significantly on safety, financial performance or reputation.

On a day-to-day basis, managing the various risks inherent in the Company's operations is the responsibility of Executive Directors in their respective areas of responsibility, with appropriate delegation to the line managers reporting to them, guided by applicable policies. Line manager accountability is the "first line of defence" against realisation of risks.

Risks facing the Company can be divided into the broad categories of operations, compliance and market.

Operations risk refers to risks arising from day to day operational activities which may result in direct or indirect loss from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems or external events. Executive Directors have delegated responsibility from the Board for identification of potential operations risks, for putting processes in place to mitigate them and monitoring compliance with those processes, with appropriate input from line managers. The Company has clear accounting and internal control systems to manage risks to the accuracy of financial information and other financial risks.

Compliance risk is the risk of failure to comply with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements and industry standards and the corresponding impact on the Company's business, reputation and financial condition. The Company's compliance risk management strategy ensures compliance with key legislation affecting the Company's activities. The Company Secretary has oversight responsibility for managing the Company's compliance risk. A key principle of the Company's compliance risk management strategy is to foster an integrated approach where line managers are responsible and accountable for compliance, within their job descriptions and within overall guidance developed by the Company Secretary assisted by the General Counsel

The Company has policies on responsible business practices and ethical behaviour including conflict of interest and share trading policies to maintain confidence in the Company's integrity and ensure legal compliance.

Market risk encompasses risks to the Company's performance from changes in equity prices, currency exchange rates, capital markets and economic conditions generally. The Board assesses the Company's exposure to these risks and sets the strategic direction for managing them.

The Company's approach to risk management is not stationary; it evolves constantly in response to developments in operations and changing market conditions.

The Board has determined that the Executive Chairman and the Company Secretary are the appropriate persons to make the chief executive and CFO equivalent declarations respectively in respect of the year ended 30 June 2008, on the risk management and internal compliance and control systems recommended by the Council.

### 7.2.

The Company's external auditor (Auditor) is selected for its professional competence, reputation and the provision of value for professional fees. Within the audit firm, the partner responsible for the conduct of the Company's audits is rotated every three years.

The Auditor is asked to send its responsible partner to annual general meetings to be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Auditor's report.

#### 8. Communications

### Market and Shareholder Communications

The Company is owned by shareholders. Increasing shareholder value is a key part of the Company's mission. Shareholders require an understanding of the Company's operations and performance to enable them to see how that mission is being fulfilled. The Directors are the shareholders' representatives. In order to properly perform their role, the Directors need to be able to ascertain the shareholders' views on matters affecting the

The Board therefore considers it paramount to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company and have the opportunity to communicate their views on the Company to the Board. Information is communicated to shareholders and the market through various means including:

- monthly NTA Backing announcements released to ASX, which are posted on the Company's website;
- the Annual Report which is distributed to (2)shareholders if they have elected to receive a printed version and is otherwise available for viewing and downloading from the Company's
- (3)the Annual General Meeting (AGM) and other general meetings called to obtain shareholder approvals as appropriate. The Executive Chairman gives an address at the AGM updating shareholders on the Company's activities;
- Half-Yearly Directors' and Financial Reports which (4)are posted on the Company's website; and
- (5) other announcements released to ASX as required under the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and other information that may be mailed to shareholders, which is also posted on the Company's website.

Shareholders communicate with Directors through various means including:

- (1) having the opportunity to ask questions of Directors at all general meetings;
- (2) the presence of the external auditor at Annual General Meetings to take shareholder questions on any issue relevant to their capacity as auditor;
- (3) the Company rotating shareholder meetings around capital cities to allow as many shareholders as possible to have an opportunity to attend a meetina:
- the Company's policy of expecting Directors to (4) be available to meet shareholders at Annual General Meetings; and
- the Company making Directors and selected (5) senior employees available to answer shareholder questions submitted by telephone, email and

The Company actively promotes communication with shareholders through a variety of measures, including the use of the Company's website and email. Company's reports and ASX announcements may be from its viewed and downloaded website: the ASX www.orionequities.com.au or www.asx.com.au under ASX code "OEQ". The Company also maintains an email list for the distribution of the Company's announcements via email in a timely manner.

#### 8.2. **Continuous Disclosure to ASX**

The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to ASX as well as communicating with ASX.

In accordance with the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rule 3.1 the Company immediately notifies ASX of information concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities, subject to exceptions permitted by that rule. A reasonable person is taken to expect information to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities if the information would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

All staff are required to inform their reporting manager of any potentially price-sensitive information concerning the Company as soon as they become aware of it. Reporting managers are in turn required to inform the Executive Director to whom they report or, in their absence, another Executive Director of any potentially price-sensitive information.

In general, the Company will not respond to market speculation or rumours unless ASX or an applicable law requires it to do so.

Only the Directors and employees who have been authorised by them may speak on the Company's behalf to the media, investors and analysts.

The Company may request a trading halt from ASX to prevent trading in its securities if the market appears to be uninformed. The Executive Directors are authorised to determine whether to seek a trading halt.

20 October 2008

## LIST OF SHARE INVESTMENTS

## as at 30 June 2008

Equitio	es	Fair Value \$'million	% of Net Assets	ASX Code	Industry Sector Exposures
1.	Strike Resources Limited <sup>3</sup>	14.13	0.44	SRK	Materials
2.	Scarborough Equities Limited⁴	5.41	0.17	SCB	Diversified Financials
3.	Bentley International Limited <sup>4</sup>	3.79	0.12	BEL	Diversified Financials
4.	Katana Capital Limited	1.13	0.04	KAT	Diversified Financials
5.	Alara Uranium Limited	0.89	0.03	AUQ	Energy
6.	BHP Billiton Limited	0.65	0.02	BHP	Materials
7.	Woodside Petroleum Ltd	0.28	0.01	WPL	Energy
8.	Oilex Ltd	0.27	0.01	OEX	Energy
9.	Bell Financial Group Ltd	0.24	0.01	BFG	Diversified Financials
10.	Chemrok Pty Ltd	0.16	< 0.01	unlisted	N/A
11.	Jabiru Metals Limited	0.09	< 0.01	JML	Materials
12.	Malagasy Minerals Limited	0.08	< 0.01	MGY	Materials
13.	Elixir Petroleum Limited	0.05	<0.01	EXR	Energy
14.	Jutt Holdings Limited	0.04	<0.01	JUT	Materials
TOTAL		27.21	0.85%		

The investment in Strike Resources Limited comprises the following securities:

	Fair Value \$'million	% of Net Assets	ASX Code	
(a) 3,490,802 shares	7.40	23.08%	SRK	
(b) 1,833,333 unlisted \$0.178 (9 Feb 2011) Options	3.59	11.20%	Unlisted	Fair value is based on a Black-Scholes options valuation model applying the following assumptions:
	0.14	0.70%		(i) SRK's share price being \$2.12 (the last bid price as at 30 June 2008).
(c) 1,666,667 unlisted \$0.278 (9 Feb 2011) Options	3.14	9.79%		(ii) A risk free rate of return of 6.73% (based on the Commonwealth 3 year bond yield rate as at 30 June 2008).
				(iii) An estimated future volatility of SRK's share price of 80%.
Sub-total	14.13	44.07%		

Subsequent to the Balance Date, the Company disposed of its interests in the Berau and Paulsens East resource projects to Strike in consideration for 9.5 million shares in Strike. In addition to the Strike option holdings referred to above, the Company currently holds a total of 13,090,802 shares in Strike, accounting for 10.07% of Strike's total issued share capital.

<sup>3</sup> SRK includes listed shares and unlisted options (as disclosed in the note following the Top 10 Holdings)

Associate entities, BEL and SCB, have been equity accounted and are not held at fair value

## **ADDITIONAL ASX INFORMATION**

## as at 17 October 2008

### DISTRIBUTION OF FULLY PAID ORDINARY SHARES

Spread of Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issue Capital
1 – 1000	287	152,192	0.854
1,001- 5000	247	608,299	3.415
5,001- 10,000	77	584,411	3.281
10,001 – 100,000	106	3,139,829	17.625
100,001 and over	15	13,329,658	74.825
Total	732	17,814,389	100%

### **Unmarketable Parcels**

Spread of Holdings	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	% of Total Issue Capital	
1 – 1190	306	173,562	0.010	
1191 and over	426	17,640,827	0.990	
TOTAL	732	17,814,389	100%	

An unmarketable parcel is considered, for the purposes of the above table, to be a shareholding of 1190 shares or less (being a value of \$500 or less in total, based upon the Company's last bid share price on 17 October 2008 of \$0.42 per share).

## **VOTING RIGHTS**

Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares (at present there are none), at meetings of shareholders of the Company:

- Each shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy, attorney or representative;
- On a show of hands, every person present who is a shareholder or a proxy, attorney or corporate representative of a shareholder has one vote;
- On a poll, every person present who is a shareholder or a proxy, attorney or corporate representative of a shareholder shall, in respect of each fully paid share held by such person, or in respect of which such person is appointed a proxy, attorney or corporate representative, have one vote for that share: and

## TRANSACTIONS AND BROKERAGE

The Company entered into a total of 86 contract notes with stock brokers and subscription transactions with investee companies during the year, incurring total brokerage fees of ~\$38,942.

### **ON-MARKET SHARE BUY-BACK**

The Company has obtained shareholder approval (at the 2005 Annual General Meeting) for the implementation of an on-market buy back scheme for up to 20% of the Company's issued share capital between any 2 consecutive AGMs, in accordance with section 257C(1) of the Corporations Act. The Company has not implemented such buy-back scheme during the financial year and as at the date of this annual report.

## **ADDITIONAL ASX INFORMATION**

## as at 17 October 2008

## TOP TWENTY ORDINARY FULLY PAID SHAREHOLDERS

RANK	SHAREHOLDER	TOTAL SHARES	% ISSUED CAPITAL
1	QUESTE COMMUNICATIONS LTD *	8,558,127	48.041
2	ANZ NOMINEES LIMITED <cash a="" c="" income=""></cash>	1,005,800	5.646
3	UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD *	860,424	4.830
4	CELLANTE SECURITIES	714,038	4.008
5	STRIKE RESOURCES LIMITED	505,026	2.835
6	MR DONALD GORDON MACKENZIE & MRS GWENNETH EDNA MACKENZIE	328,189	1.842
7	REDSUMMER PTY LTD	225,000	1.263
8	MR ABE ZELWER	192,914	1.083
9	MS HOON CHOO TAN	187,538	1.053
10	VIKAND CONSULTING PTY LTD	164,798	0.925
11	MR BRUCE SIEMON	135,150	0.759
12	ME EDWARD STEPHEN DALLY	125,000	0.702
13	OPTION OPPORTUNITY FUND PTY LTD	122,403	0.687
14	MR JOHN CHENG-HSIANG	103,726	0.582
15	RADIATA PTY LTD	101,525	0.570
16	MR LAWRENCE BRIAN CUMMINGS & MRS FRANZIE NANETTE CUMMINGS	100,000	0.561
17	MRS CAROLINE ANN PICKERING	100,000	0.561
18	MR IAN STUART WATSON & MRS CATHERINE JANE WATSON <watson a="" c="" super=""></watson>	100,000	0.561
19	MR ANTHONY NEALE KILLER & MRS SANDRA MARIE KILLER	85,000	0.477
20	MRS PENELOPE MARGARET SIEMON	81,625	0.458
	TOTAL	13,796,283	77.445

Substantial shareholder of the Company

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